IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF KANSAS

CASE NO. 113,267

LUKE GANNON, By his next friends and guardians, *et al.*,

Plaintiffs/Appellees, County Appealed From: Shawnee

District Court Case No.: 10-C-1569

v.

STATE OF KANSAS, et al.

Defendants/Appellants.

<u>MOTION TO STRIKE MISLEADING, UNSUPPORTED STATEMENTS FROM</u> <u>STATE'S RESPONSE BRIEF</u>

COMES NOW, Plaintiffs/Appellees, and move this Court to strike the misleading,

unsupported statements in the State's Response Brief dated July 7, 2017. Plaintiffs

respectfully request that the entirety of Section II.A. of the State's Brief ("The State

Board of Education's budget request was not based on the Rose standards or on the costs

of providing a constitutionally adequate education.") be stricken.

The minutes of the May 22, 2017 Senate Select Committee on Education Finance,

and thus the State's brief, are extraordinarily misleading. The State's Brief states:

Commissioner Watson explained, "[w]hen the State Board set forth their budget, they had a premise that school districts would use such funds within the State Board model to help students be successful in line with the State Board's 'complex goals,' *not the Rose standards*." Minutes of May 22, 2017, Senate Select Committee on Education Finance at p. 3 (emphasis added). Commissioner Watson explained that the desired "outcomes" under the BOE's "complex goals" **exceed the Rose capacities in many ways.** Minutes of May 22, 2017, Senate Select Committee on Education Finance at p. 2."

State's 7-7-17 Response Brief, at p.7 (emphasis added). It further states:

In fact, State Commissioner of Education Dr. Randy Watson testified that the BOE's request was derived from the funding amounts specified by the panel, which incorrectly assumed LOB and other sources of revenue were not to be considered. Watson Testimony at 42; *see also* Minutes of May 22, 2017, Senate Select Committee on Education Finance at p. 3 (Dr. Watson noted "the State Board's funding recommendation was ... <u>derived from funding mandates provided by the three-judge panel in the district court</u>")."

Id. at 6 (emphasis added).

The State severely misquotes State Commissioner of Education Dr. Randy Watson and his testimony to the Legislature. The State concludes that, based on Dr. Watson's testimony "there is no evidence [the KSBE's] request was based on any empirical evidence or on compliance with the *Rose* standards." State's 7-7-17 Response Br., at p.6. Dr. Watson never made these statements at the May 22 Senate Select Committee on Education Finance Meeting. Dr. Watson specifically testified that the Board accreditation measured outcomes "are directly aligned to the Rose capacities." Exhibit A: Transcript of May 22, 2017 Senate Select Committee on Education Finance Meeting, at p.52. He further testified on May 22, 2017:

If you encompass all of that you start to get to what the Rose capacit[ies] speak of, which is how do you help in all those capacit[ies] students to be successful later on in life? *That's what the Rose capacit[ies] speak to and I think that's what the state board tried to put together* after listening to Kansans as they put together their accreditation system."

Id. at p.49.

He also testified:

Everything that was built here, was built on the foundation.

--of the Rose capacities. So yes, if you're looking at can you tell me how we're going to measure each one of those, it's measured within a more complex system but it would build upon that as the foundational structure."

Id. at pp.52-53.

The State's Brief misquotes Dr. Watson as testifying, "the State Board's funding

recommendation was . . . derived from funding mandates provided by the three-judge

panel in the district court." Dr. Watson never made that statement. See id., generally.

Instead, Dr. Watson testified that the request was based on two things:

So when the state board took a look at their proposal to the Governor and to you, they simply looked at two broad things, *they looked at their accreditation and where they wanted to go*, and they did not have the Supreme Court decision laying in front of them at that time. So they looked at the three judge panel and said, *based upon where we think we need to go* and the three judge panel, this would be the recommendation that we would give as to a budget.

Id. at pp.54-55.

Additionally, later in the meeting Dr. Watson testified:

We simply looked at, how do we help every district reach to help every family and student be successful, and that *what districts were telling us if we had more resources with the guidance of the State Board of Education we could get there*. So that's a really general answer but it really has been very general; and I know the last several months or weeks since the court ruled--made their decision, the focus has been on pinpointing where those dollars go. And we believe in general that if--if base state aid, foundational aid or whatever the name is, would increase to the levels close with [what] the state board [requested] that we could reach these complex goals; and it would look different in each school district.

Id. at p.58.

In its Brief, the State cites to testimony of Dr. Watson Testimony, attached to the

State's June 30, 2017 brief, stating:

In fact, State Commissioner of Education Dr. Randy Watson testified that the BOE's request was derived from the funding amounts specified by the panel, which incorrectly assumed LOB and other sources of revenue were not to be considered. Watson Testimony at 42.

State's Response 7-7-17 Response Br., at p. 42.

Dr. Watson did not make this statement either. Dr. Watson gave a presentation on

the Board's accreditation model explaining that it was based on Rose.

You may recognize the foundational structures that underpin the accreditation model. They are often referred to as the Rose capacities or the Rose standards and those certainly are the foundational structures by which this – this accreditation model was built.

Watson Testimony, attached to State's 6-30-17 Brief, at Appendix 1, p. 12.

Later in the hearing, Dr. Watson was asked by Senator Pettey about the cost of

implementation. The full exchange went as follows:

SENATOR PETTY: Thank you. And then my second one is, what is the cost of implementing the state board's accountability plan?

RANDY WATSON: That's a great question. The state board wrestled with that. They put together a budget and they looked at two things. As you know, the state board is required by law to submit an annual budget to the Governor and the legislature; and when they looked at that *they took this work that they were doing* and they took at that time the three judge panel because the Supreme Court had not ruled on the case when they built the budget, and said -- and their message is that *it would be about 850 million over two years to accomplish this*.

Id. at 49.

Dr. Watson's actual testimony completely undermines the State's argument that the KSBE request was not based on compliance with *Rose* or that it exceeded the *Rose* requirements.

Dr. Watson has made it abundantly clear that the State Board's vision, its standards, and its accreditation system are all based on and built around the *Rose* standards. In fact, in response to the statements made by the State in its brief, Dr. Watson made the following statement at the July 11, 2017 KSBE meeting:

But recently . . . the media . . . reported some things And I want to remind people . . . the accreditation model was about four to five years in the making when I came here . . . it was being worked on long in advance.

There are two things that happen with everything we do about your vision . . . I want to be clear today to anyone listening what those two things are. One, everything we do has the backbone of ESSA in it.

... And the second, we don't talk much about it because it's foundational about everything we do, are the *Rose* Capacities.

...It's deeply embedded, oral and written communication skills in everything we do.

So I don't think it's extra, I think it's critical. Mission critical. How about this, how about these two Rose Capacities which I think complement each other, knowledge of economic social and political systems so students can make informed choices, and sufficient understanding of government processes so they understand how that affects their community, their state and nation. Do you remember what you did after the visiting and listening tours, after what Kansans said? You said, let's make sure civic engagement is so prominent, we'll put it as part of the definition. Foundational from the Rose Capacities and Rose Standards, it was mission critical, from, for Kansans to say we want people that know how to give back and understand the system and will serve on a state school board or a local board or a volunteer commission or will help at the local Red Cross. But they will understand how laws are made and the will understand how to go about the process. Critical.... [C]ritical, core.

Or Mental wellness. Do you remember something called social or emotional? Can you find that on one of your result outcomes? You said, hey, Kansans say we need to pay attention to mental and physical wellness. And take a look at nutritional wellness, *very much embedded right there in our accreditation model*.

So often times, when people argue about a math score or reading score, are they taking into account the *Rose* Capacities that clearly state we ought [to] also be concerned with someone's mental and physical wellness? . . . You heard our legislature last month . . . talking about cultural heritage and how important that was to understand[, and] the arts. So are the arts an add on? Not according to the Rose Capacities. Not according to how we are looking at the whole child. It's not an add on. *It's essential*.

And finally, the last two Rose standards, sufficient training for preparation for advanced training in either academic or vocational fields. So that each child can choose where they want to go and can do so without remediation. Remember that little term you put? That they can go to KU and be in a ... graduate program and have the skill set to be successful. That they can go to welding school and be successful. That they can . . . whatever they choose . . . that we will provide training and preparation so that they are ready to be successful.

And the last one is sufficient levels of both of those academic and vocational to enable every public school student to compete favorably with their counterparts in academics or the job market. Welcome to lead the world. *It's not fluff, it's not too ambitious, it is core to what the Rose Capacities, Kansans and your vision said.* And I just, as I read this week I thought some people are saying, well, that's nice, it's just a lot. It is a lot. And it's being demanded of us and you responded . . . and we oftentimes don't talk about the ESSA or Rose Capacities or Standards enough, and other people like to.

So tomorrow Brad's going to walk you through how our kids are doing in that preparation, called that *post secondary success measures*. . . Those are the Rose Standards and Rose Capacities.

So I just wanted to take a few minutes today to again emphasize for everyone to understand that those, that foundation that's on this sheet, that's about every part of what we design, is critical for students to be successful in what they choose to go in to." Exhibit B: Transcript of July 11, 2017 KSBE Meeting, pp. 9-15 (emphasis added).¹

The State further urges this Court to listen to the recording of the July 12, 2016 meeting, at which KSBE adopted its budget recommendation. Doing so does not leave one with the impression that the KSBE based its funding recommendation solely on the Panel's opinion. The budget discussion is not "a brief half-hour"; the full discussion is nearly 2 hours, from 1:22:50 through 3:20:48. The budget recommendation came directly on the heels of Dale Dennis recommending to the KSBE that it adopt a funding system that would meet the constitution. Throughout the two hour period, the Board and Mr. Dennis discussed how the previous law was funded, what programs were helpful, the need to account for inflation, and other aspects of how to fund education. After their discussion about base state aid, they additionally mentioned the need to keep as much funding in the base as possible throughout their discussion of other programs for their budget request. For example during their discussion of the Parents as Teachers, Jim Porter called that program a "critical element in our ability to reach our goal" (2:37:07) and there was additional discussion about whether that would come from the base. Exhibit C: Transcript of July 12, 2017 KSBE Meeting, at p.56.² During their discussion of the Professional Development Program at 2:46:32, Sally Cauble mentioned that "We have so much change that we are asking on this new vision, that I--we just need some

¹ A video of Dr. Watson's remarks are available online at:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hciozLo8Lig.

² The transcript was created from the video recording of the meeting available at: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wFmyp-ao4uw&feature=youtu.be.

money" and Jim McNiece stated at 2:49:08 "I would say from an aspirational standpoint, we are doing about these in terms of how to manage the budget, you know; but if we really believe in staff development . . . I just don't think \$2.1 million across . . . 286 school district[s] is going to be that much money, but they have the choice to make it out of state base, but there are a lot of things to be caught up on if they did that." *Id.* at pp. 63, 65. During the discussion of transportation funding at 2:52:56 Janet Waugh talked about the Turner school district and how they already bus all students, that she would love to lower the mileage limit, but "that by increasing the State Base aid ... districts like Turner and other districts can just continue what they're doing... It needs to be changed, but I don't think at this time it is a thing to do" *Id.* at p.68.

Finally, the State misquoted and mischaracterized the testimony of Board Chairman Jim McNiece. *See* Ex. C, at p.34.

And what we have here is pretty aspirational, you know, we have had a lot of discussions about tax increases and formulas[, and] what percentage of budget is, which [are] all really big questions, but in terms of where the State Board is in terms of taking a leadership role, do they agree that there should be an accrual, is what we're saying in this motion and putting a number on it.

Id.

While Mr. McNiece did use the words, "pretty aspirational," those words were taken out of context by the State. He was talking in reference to the State budget quandary, not the State Board's program to meet *Rose*. Published media accounts support that the State's brief is of a misleading nature. See Exhibit D: Angela Deines, *State Board of Education May Make Statement Regarding Gannon Briefs*, TOPEKA CAPITAL-JOURNAL, July 11, 2017, also available at http://cjonline.com/news/state-

government/education/2017-07-10/state-board-education-may-make-statement-

regarding-gannon:

McNiece said his comments in July of last year regarding the "aspirational" aspects of the board's budget recommendation were based on the fiscal realities the state of Kansas has been facing in the past several years.

It was a way for us to make a statement in support of increased and improved funding for schools," he said, adding that the budget recommendation was on par with past years' requests.

Should the State attempt to blame the misleading statements in its Response Brief

on the legislative committee minutes, Plaintiffs remind this Court that Jeff King, Counsel

to the Legislative Coordinating Committee, testified as follows:

King: During your debate I listened to, the level of thoughtfulness and reasoning and consideration of why these amendments would go on or not from a performance based standard, was very high. And the minutes will reflect that, because there was so much information. And that is very helpful and **one of my jobs is to make sure that is packaged in a way the Court accepts it**, sees it and considers it fully....

Rooker: So if I may, you mentioned having listened to our marathon work session, but are you also evaluating the other 3 months of committee work? Because we've had hearings on specific elements of this formula over the course of this session.

King: The answer is yes, I'm still working on it. That is part of making sure that everything in the minutes reflect what's done . . . and so that's an ongoing process and to me **if there's any frustration with delays and getting the minutes compiled, I will take responsibility for that**. Because I think it's that important that we review it and make sure everything that is presented is put into those documents. Comments from May 4, 2017 House K-12 Education Budget Committee Meeting.³

It is apparent that the legislative minutes do not accurately reflect the testimony of the hearings. The minutes have been prepared or supplemented with material to support the State's position in this case with testimony that simply did not occur. It is either extraordinarily coincidental or intentional. Regardless, the indicated arguments and portions of the State's brief should be stricken as not supported by the evidence.

For these reasons, Plaintiffs respectfully request that this Court strike the entirety of Section II.A. of the State's Brief.

Respectfully submitted,

<u>/s/ Alan L. Rupe</u>

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³ An audio recording of this meeting is available at: <u>www.robblaw.com/html/hrg.html</u>. Mr. King's comments begin at 1:03:33.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on this 13th day of July, 2017, I electronically served the foregoing to:

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Exhibit A

Transcript of May 22, 2017 Senate Select Committee on Education Finance Meeting

MAY 22 COMMITTEE HEARING

//1			$\mathbf{I} \mathbf{E} \mathbf{E} \mathbf{H} \mathbf{E} \mathbf{A} \mathbf{K} \mathbf{I} \mathbf{N} \mathbf{G} \qquad \mathbf{I} \left(\mathbf{I} \cdot \mathbf{A} \right)$
	Page 1		Page 3
1	-	1	THE CHAIRMAN: Well, Eddy went through
2			2410 before we amended it up and then Tamara went
3	•		through it. So are you wanting her to come back
4	•	4	and go through her memo again? She went through
5	SENATE SELECT COMMITTEE ON	5	the the sections.
6	EDUCATION AND FINANCE COMMITTEE	6	SENATOR BOYETTE: I I just missed some
7		7	when she went through it.
8		8	THE CHAIRMAN: Okay.
9	•	9	SENATOR BOYETTE: So I guess so it
10	Transcription of	10	would be helpful I guess if Tamara could so we
11	Senate Committee Hearing	11	could go through some of this because I have some
12			questions.
13	May 22, 2017	13	THE CHAIRMAN: Sure.
14		14	SENATOR BOYETTE: So
15		15	THE CHAIRMAN: Tamara, would you mind
16	-		coming up and giving us a hand?
17		17	MS. LAWRENCE: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
18		18	Committee. Last week you should have received a
19			memo from my office that looks like this. The one
20		20	that I would like you to pull out is dated May
21		21	19th and has a little asterisk next to the word
22		22	memorandum and I will just kind of walk through
23		23	that. This is a description of the contents of
24		24	Senate bill 251; and Senate bill 251 would enact
25			the Kansas School Equity and Enhancement Act. It
2.5			the Kansas School Equity and Enhancement Act. It
	Page 2		Page 4
1	(Transcribed portion starts at 00:51)	1	is very similar in structure to the SDFQPA, and
2	THE CHAIRMAN: Committee, we can get	2	this bill is based largely in part on House bill
3	started here in just a bit. The how it will	3	2410, a substitute for House bill 2410 as it left
4	play out today is that if you have any questions	4	the House committee.
5	of of staff you can ask them to come up and we	5	THE CHAIRMAN: Tamara, I think
6	can ask those questions; and then when we get to	6	everybody's looking for that memo. Give those a
7	the point where at least for today you've got your	7	chance to catch up with you.
	questions answered and if some of you have some	8	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: What was the date
	amendments ready you can bring those or you can		on that one?
	wait until tomorrow to bring them. I know a lot	10	THE CHAIRMAN: May was that May 19?
	of them aren't finished yet, but we can we can	11	MS. LAWRENCE: May 19th, yes.
	continue with our due diligence and data gathering	12	THE CHAIRMAN: Would (inaudible.)
	and questions today. Is that okay with everybody	13	MS. LAWRENCE: And if we need
	on the committee? Okay. So committee, if you	14	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: (Inaudible.)
15	have any particular staff member or data source	15	MS. LAWRENCE: Okay.
		16	THE CHAIRMAN: Molly, Tamara was going to
	person that you want to bring up just just let	10	3 / 8 8
16 17	me know right now and we'll ask them to come to	17	go through the the bill on those major sections
16 17			go through the the bill on those major sections from her prior memo for us. We'll try to run you
16 17 18	me know right now and we'll ask them to come to	17	go through the the bill on those major sections
16 17 18	me know right now and we'll ask them to come to the microphone. Senator Boyette (spelled	17 18	go through the the bill on those major sections from her prior memo for us. We'll try to run you
16 17 18 19	me know right now and we'll ask them to come to the microphone. Senator Boyette (spelled phonetically).	17 18 19	go through the the bill on those major sections from her prior memo for us. We'll try to run you a copy down, Molly. Go go ahead.
16 17 18 19 20 21	me know right now and we'll ask them to come to the microphone. Senator Boyette (spelled phonetically). SENATOR BOYETTE: Thank you, Mr.	17 18 19 20	go through the the bill on those major sections from her prior memo for us. We'll try to run you a copy down, Molly. Go go ahead. MS. LAWRENCE: Thank you. So that first
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	me know right now and we'll ask them to come to the microphone. Senator Boyette (spelled phonetically). SENATOR BOYETTE: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. Are are we going to do go through	17 18 19 20 21	go through the the bill on those major sections from her prior memo for us. We'll try to run you a copy down, Molly. Go go ahead. MS. LAWRENCE: Thank you. So that first page, that first paragraph is just a general
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	me know right now and we'll ask them to come to the microphone. Senator Boyette (spelled phonetically). SENATOR BOYETTE: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. Are are we going to do go through the bill with staff like we normally I mean, I	17 18 19 20 21 22	go through the the bill on those major sections from her prior memo for us. We'll try to run you a copy down, Molly. Go go ahead. MS. LAWRENCE: Thank you. So that first page, that first paragraph is just a general description of the very basic mathematic formula



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MAY 22 COMMITTEE HEARING

2 (5 - 8)

	Page 5		Page 7
1	sections, and the Act begins on page 17 of the	1	come from; and it can be confusing. We use a lot
2	bill starting with section three. So I'm just		÷
3	going to hit kind of the highlights of the big	3	SENATOR BOYETTE: This helps.
4	sections.	4	MS. LAWRENCE: Thank you.
5	SENATOR BOYETTE: I guess that's what my	5	SENATOR BOYETTE: Okay. Thank you.
6	challenge is, is is this in order like it is in	6	THE CHAIRMAN: Senator Boyette, if you
7	the bill? Does it follow the like pages and	7	just want to walk through your
8	MS. LAWRENCE: I tried to provide in the	8	SENATOR BOYETTE: Other questions.
9	memo the sections in which we talk about those	9	THE CHAIRMAN: sections that you'd
10	things and when we get to like the weightings,	10	like her to address this would be a good time.
11	those go in order; but it's not exactly page by	11	SENATOR BOYETTE: Okay. Got to find my
12	page in order.	12	questions. Here we go. All right. That's not a
13	SENATOR BOYETTE: Okay. Because my first	13	question. I'm sorry. All right, page 85, just to
14	question was on page 24 of the bill. So whenever	14	clarify. Okay, this is section C which is lines
15	you're somewhere there that's where I'll start but	15	35 through 39, and this has to do with out of
16	maybe we can all I don't know how you want to	16	state this is for students who are from outside
17	do this but	17	of our state, correct?
18	THE CHAIRMAN: (Inaudible.)	18	MS. LAWRENCE: I believe so, yes.
19	SENATOR BOYETTE: Oh, okay. So I will	19	SENATOR BOYETTE: Okay. And I guess I
20	you go through when it says new section 6 the	20	had understood that we were taking that out, but
21		21	maybe that's somebody bringing an amendment to do
22	5 1	22	so. So.
23	MS. LAWRENCE: Yeah, so this is identical	23	MS. LAWRENCE: So this is current law and
	to the way it is worded currently and also under		
25	the SDFQPA, and this just states that the state	25	school district is receiving out of state students
	Page 6		Page 8
1	board will determine the state foundation aid for	1	they can enter contracts to do so. What the
2	each school district for each school year.	2	amendment and the bill does it wouldn't count out
3	SENATOR BOYETTE: Okay. And the		of state students in the enrollment of the
4	foundation aid is?	4	district, but those students could still attend;
5	MS. LAWRENCE: So if you want to go back	5	but that would be up to the local district.
6	to the definitions, I believe that's on page 19.		
7		6	SENATOR BOYETTE: And that amendment is
	No, I am incorrect in that page number. It's on	7	not in this section but somewhere else?
8	No, I am incorrect in that page number. It's on page 22.	7 8	not in this section but somewhere else? MS. LAWRENCE: It's in the definitions
9	No, I am incorrect in that page number. It's on page 22. SENATOR BOYETTE: Page 20 or I have local	7 8 9	not in this section but somewhere else? MS. LAWRENCE: It's in the definitions section.
9 10	No, I am incorrect in that page number. It's on page 22. SENATOR BOYETTE: Page 20 or I have local foundation	7 8 9 10	not in this section but somewhere else? MS. LAWRENCE: It's in the definitions section. SENATOR BOYETTE: Okay. Okay. And do we
9 10 11	No, I am incorrect in that page number. It's on page 22. SENATOR BOYETTE: Page 20 or I have local foundation MS. LAWRENCE: Yes.	7 8 9 10 11	not in this section but somewhere else? MS. LAWRENCE: It's in the definitions section. SENATOR BOYETTE: Okay. Okay. And do we know how many out of state students we have?
9 10 11 12	No, I am incorrect in that page number. It's on page 22. SENATOR BOYETTE: Page 20 or I have local foundation MS. LAWRENCE: Yes. SENATOR BOYETTE: But that's different	7 8 9 10 11 12	not in this section but somewhere else? MS. LAWRENCE: It's in the definitions section. SENATOR BOYETTE: Okay. Okay. And do we know how many out of state students we have? About?
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	Page 9		Page 11
1	I have five districts that border on the	1	-
	basically on the Oklahoma border, and all five say		is on lines one and two they have deleted where
			interest money goes. I don't know when if that
	that that would really, really hurt them and that		was from the House bill, if that's I don't know
	the those children's parents are contributing		where that comes from; and then my question was so
5	, , , , , , , , , ,		where does the interest money go if that's
6	have any particular data or charts or anything but	6	deleted?
7	that's what they are telling me.	7	MS. LAWRENCE: Again, I'll have to look
8	SENATOR BOYETTE: All right. But in our	8	into (inaudible.)
9	new the way this is written in this bill those	9	SENATOR BOYETTE: Okay, I'm sorry.
		10	MS. LAWRENCE: (Inaudible.)
	there's they can come and there's some kind		SENATOR BOYETTE: You can tell what I did
13	of an agreement but they are not counted?	12	all weekend. Okay. And I think I'm understanding
	MS. LAWRENCE: Correct.	13	this right, okay? I have I had a first I
14	SENATOR BOYETTE: Okay. All right. Page		had a question and I'm still on that page
	89 has to do with the race track, the Woodlands,	15	about paying for this is sections small B and then well begins 17 through 27. The
	and I just didn't know why why is that I	16 17	then well, basically line 17 through 37. The
	thought it wasn't operating; so help me know why it's in the bill.		question was so we I say so we pay for student
			transfer transportation but then in 84 C I think
19 20	MS. LAWRENCE: So all of these amendatory	19 20	that's clarified at a later place; but can you help us understand if you are a transfer student
	references to the new sections that are created by	21 22	1 0
	enacting a new school finance formula. So there's no substantively amended things in these sections	23	MS. LAWRENCE: Again, with regard to the specifics of this amendatory section, I will come
	that we're discussing. It's all current law.	24	back and provide you a much clearer answer than I
	We're just updating the reference to the		would be able to give on the fly.
	we te just updating the telefence to the	2.5	would be able to give on the fry.
	Page 10		Page 12
1	appropriate new section.	1	SENATOR BOYETTE: Okay. I think it's
2	SENATOR BOYETTE: But my question is why	2	helpful for us all to know that.
3	do we have a reference to the Woodlands? We've	3	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: (Inaudible.)
4	just never taken it out? Basically?	4	THE CHAIRMAN: Yes.
5	MS. LAWRENCE: I assume. I'll double	5	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: (inaudible.)
6	check on that and just (inaudible.)	6	transportation so I'd like to ask a question if
7	SENATOR BOYETTE: Okay.	7	that's okay with Senator
8	MS. LAWRENCE: But anywhere that we	8	SENATOR BOYETTE: It's fine with me. I'm
9	reference any kind of school finance we had to go		just
10	ahead and into that statute and make an update.	10	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: (Inaudible.)
			\mathcal{O}
11	SENATOR BOYETTE: Okay. Here's this	11	SENATOR BOYETTE: Good.
12	thing, okay. So now I'm on page 94; and I have	12	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Help me understand
12 13	thing, okay. So now I'm on page 94; and I have from sections E and F and my question says, why	12 13	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Help me understand on page 96 the the two and-a-half miles limit
12 13 14	thing, okay. So now I'm on page 94; and I have from sections E and F and my question says, why school of residence for this? So a school is	12 13 14	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Help me understand on page 96 the the two and-a-half miles limit for children, how is that that new,
12 13 14 15	thing, okay. So now I'm on page 94; and I have from sections E and F and my question says, why school of residence for this? So a school is attending a district in a in a non-resident,	12 13 14 15	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Help me understand on page 96 the the two and-a-half miles limit for children, how is that that new, different?
12 13 14 15 16	thing, okay. So now I'm on page 94; and I have from sections E and F and my question says, why school of residence for this? So a school is attending a district in a in a non-resident, they are not a resident of the district; but what	12 13 14 15 16	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Help me understand on page 96 the the two and-a-half miles limit for children, how is that that new, different? MS. LAWRENCE: That is the same as it has
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12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	thing, okay. So now I'm on page 94; and I have from sections E and F and my question says, why school of residence for this? So a school is attending a district in a in a non-resident, they are not a resident of the district; but what it says is that it says that they are going to they get a graduation diploma from where their school of residence would be. MS. LAWRENCE: I'll have to look into that a little bit further to give you a better answer on that.	12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Help me understand on page 96 the the two and-a-half miles limit for children, how is that that new, different? MS. LAWRENCE: That is the same as it has been. So for students living beyond that two and- a-half miles the weighting would apply and students living with in that two and-a-half miles districts do not get to count as students who are transported by the district. UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: So that's



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MAY 22 COMMITTEE HEARING

4 (13 - 16)

	Page 13		Page 15
1	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Okay.	1	general rule you can't ask a kindergartner or
2	THE CHAIRMAN: Senator Pettey.		first grader to walk two and-a-half miles along
3	SENATOR PETTEY: And just to follow up on	3	many of our highways and even in the rural areas,
4	that transportation question. So if a district	4	urban, rural, wherever you are, a lot of them have
5	allows an out of district student to attend their	5	no sidewalks and most communities will do that
6	within their district, they they can	6	without charge and eat it. Some of the
7	transport but they don't get any any	7	metropolitan areas may charge for it.
8	transportation funding even if, I mean, well, they	8	SENATOR HENSLEY: Thank you.
9	don't get any transportation funding for that out	9	THE CHAIRMAN: Senator Pettey.
10	of district student, is that correct?	10	SENATOR PETTEY: Dale, don't go away.
11	MS. LAWRENCE: I would have to defer to	11	This is just a follow up question to the earlier
12	the department on how all of that is funded, I	12	one about out of state students. So are we I
13	don't know.	13	know we are we currently counting them for
14	THE CHAIRMAN: Eddy, is that something	14	state aid?
15	you can help us with? Mr. Dennis, can you give us	15	MR. DENNIS: Yes, there's 624 students
16	a hand with that one?	16	out of state and they are counted like any others.
17	MR. DENNIS: Out of district students are	17	There's a little history to that. At one time the
18	not reimbursed. Out of district students are not	18	legislature had adopted a law to put some slow
19	reimbursed.	19	that down, restrict it, put restrictions on it and
20	SENATOR PETTEY: So you could you can	20	and so forth. The next year they repealed that
21	transport them? You can take them to	21	statute before it was implemented. So it's been
22	MR. DENNIS: You can transport them but	22	that way for in the real world for quite some
23	you don't get paid for it.	23	time.
24	SENATOR PETTEY: Thank you.	24	SENATOR PETTEY: And just to follow up
25	THE CHAIRMAN: Senator Estes, did you	25	
	Dago 14		Dago 16
1	Page 14	1	Page 16
1	did you have something earlier on that I skipped		determine the standard of whether they accept like
2	did you have something earlier on that I skipped over you? Senator Hensley?	2	determine the standard of whether they accept like if they are a employee's child or
2 3	did you have something earlier on that I skipped over you? Senator Hensley? SENATOR HENSLEY: Dale, how long has this	2 3	determine the standard of whether they accept like if they are a employee's child or MR. DENNIS: It varies with the school
2 3 4	did you have something earlier on that I skipped over you? Senator Hensley? SENATOR HENSLEY: Dale, how long has this two and-a-half mile provision been in the law?	2 3 4	determine the standard of whether they accept like if they are a employee's child or MR. DENNIS: It varies with the school district, but the local board decides whether to
2 3 4 5	did you have something earlier on that I skipped over you? Senator Hensley? SENATOR HENSLEY: Dale, how long has this two and-a-half mile provision been in the law? MR. DENNIS: Prior to my time. That's a	2 3 4 5	determine the standard of whether they accept like if they are a employee's child or MR. DENNIS: It varies with the school district, but the local board decides whether to accept them or not accept them; and some have a
2 3 4 5 6	did you have something earlier on that I skipped over you? Senator Hensley? SENATOR HENSLEY: Dale, how long has this two and-a-half mile provision been in the law? MR. DENNIS: Prior to my time. That's a long time, Senator.	2 3 4 5 6	determine the standard of whether they accept like if they are a employee's child or MR. DENNIS: It varies with the school district, but the local board decides whether to accept them or not accept them; and some have a policy they will only accept the students whose
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MAY 22 COMMITTEE HEARING

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1	one happens to be closer, but it's kind of the	1	then there would be the weightings that would go	
	reasoning behind some of that. But there is cross		with that; but you would have to go through and	
3	compliance the same way with Oklahoma kids come to	3	analyze each individual student and we haven't	
	Kansas, Kansas kids sometimes go to Oklahoma, but	4	done that but you'd be in the 3 to 3.2 million if	
5	as far as hard numbers I'm trying to get some of	5	you counted the weightings.	
6	that for the committee's benefit; but I haven't	6	THE CHAIRMAN: Okay. Thank you. Senator	
7	got it yet so, thank you, sir.	7	Baumgardner.	
8	THE CHAIRMAN: Senator Goddard.	8	SENATOR BAUMGARDNER: Thank you very	
9	SENATOR GODDARD: Thank you, Mr. Chair.	9	much, Mr. Chair. I think that for many of us we	
10		10	are impacted in some manner on this particular	
	here. Sir, did you say there were 600 and how		issue. It isn't just what we are establishing as	
	many		the base funding for the student, but keep in mind	
13	MR. DENNIS: 624 is what's been reported	13	a lot of these border schools are small schools;	
14	as out of state students attending Kansas schools.	14	and so they will be in that low enrollment	
15	SENATOR GODDARD: Do we have any numbers	15	weighting where I mean, I I did hear from	
16	as Senator Estes said on how many Kansas students		South Haven and this year they have 195 students	
17	attend school in adjoining states?	17	but 25 of those are from out of state. And so	
18	MR. DENNIS: No, we do not know that. We	18	they happen to have that low enrollment weighting	
19	it's very difficult to nail that down, because	19	of the 76 percent and so it is that stacking upon	
	like in some of the border counties a student	20	stacking, it's the base plus the low enrollment	
21	might live in Johnson County, Wyandotte County,	21	weighting, plus special education, plus any of the	
	they may not know that student exists. They may		other types of things, free and reduced, things	
	go over to Missouri, probably not, but there could		like that. So it is	
	it could and they wouldn't know it so and if	24	MR. DENNIS: One thing, Senator, to help	
	you call other states, we've done that before and	25	you that if you if you if they lost the 25	
		<u> </u>		
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	you don't get a very concrete answer how many we		and they stayed in Oklahoma, the low enrollment	
	have, but we do have some we know that. We even		weighting would go up for those that remain,	
3	1		remember? It scales down. It goes down to a	
	counted in Kansas and they could get to go it's		hundred, you know, and so as long as they are	
5	···· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ·	5	above a hundred it would it would go up, so.	
6	for years and years, before my time so	6	SENATOR BAUMGARDNER: Well, it would but	
7	SENATOR GODDARD: Thank you.	7	there wouldn't be the base of those	
8	MR. DENNIS: We don't know exactly.	8	MR. DENNIS: That's correct.	
9	SENATOR GODDARD: Okay. Thank you.	9	SENATOR BAUMGARDNER: And, you know, I	
10			think that this is a difficult issue. I think	
11	THE CHAIRMAN: Dale, on Dale, on that		that we do need to talk it through and think it	
	subject, if let's say that we didn't have any		through; but I would like to remind my fellow	
	Kansas students going the other way just out of		committee members that, you know, we had folks	
	state students coming in, you said it was 624?		that were here on Friday and they were requesting	
15	MR. DENNIS: Yes, sir.	15	short of an additional billion dollars over the	
16	THE CHAIRMAN: Fully weighted when we get	16	course of two years. And so is the six million	
17		17	dollars of out of state tuition and weightings,	
18	basis would that be around six million dollar	18	you know, is is that what's going to make and	
19		19 20	break it? No, it's not; but when we were looking	
20	cost was? MR. DENNIS: I don't think it would be	20	at ways of funding Kansas schools and providing that aducation for Kansas students, we do need to	
		22	that education for Kansas students, we do need to be looking at all areas. And with regard to	
	that high, because, see, the base on 600 would be 2.4 million; so it would be closer I thought	23	Kansas kids that go to school elsewhere, we are	
	you might ask that, Senator, but if you just take		not sending money to those other states, are we,	
	the base it's like 2.75 million, 2.8 million, and		sir?	
	are case it's fixe 2.75 million, 2.6 million, and			

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MAY 22 COMMITTEE HEARING

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1	_	1	that very worksheet for us showing them what it
2			would look like if
3	SENATOR BAUMGARDNER: Right.	3	SENATOR HENSLEY: We haven't received
4	MR. DENNIS: up in	4	that yet.
5	SENATOR BAUMGARDNER: (Inaudible.)	5	THE CHAIRMAN: Have not.
6	MR. DENNIS: Burr Oak area which is in	6	SENATOR HENSLEY: Okay.
7		7	THE CHAIRMAN: But we will. Maybe save
8		8	him a task.
	and the district councilman pays for it.	9	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: We saved Dale some
10	SENATOR BAUMGARDNER: All right. So I		work here.
	think it's important that we maintain local	11	THE CHAIRMAN: Yeah.
	control whereas local school districts can decide	12	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Thank you, Mr.
	what policies they want for out of state students,	13	Chairman.
	but I think we do need to be mindful that all	14	THE CHAIRMAN: Yep. Senator Boyette,
	taxpayers of the state are paying for that.		would you like to continue on yours?
16	THE CHAIRMAN: Senator Hensley.	16	SENATOR BOYETTE: I only had one more and
17	-	1	it is actually for Jason Long, and could he if
	you had indicated that if we needed additional		you would, Jason, help me understand it's
	•		section 47 which basically says this is non-
20	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: That is correct.	1	severable. Help me understand why that is. Maybe
21	SENATOR HENSLEY: And I'm going to ask	21	its always been, but I'm trying to understand from
	Mr. Dennis since he's at the microphone if he	1	
	could provide us the various changes in the bill		is right, are we then going to have to just come
	that currently suggest local property tax changes		back? Or is there anything start me through
	and what the potential cost of those changes are.		that.
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		1	MR. LONG: So the prior school finance
2	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		law, the STFQPA had a non-severability provision
4	living		in it. It was a policy decision by the
5	SENATOR HENSLEY: Yes.		legislature, and crafting that legislation to issue its intention that all of it be considered
6	MR. DENNIS: LOB, there's another one, capital outlay, everybody goes the maximum?	1	
		6	non-severable so that if any portion were declared
8	SENATOR HENSLEY: Yes.	8	unconstitutional the entire Act would be rendered unconstitutional and be struck down. The non-
	MR. DENNIS: Okay.	1 0	unconstitutional and be struck down. The non-
0	SENATOR HENSI EV. If you could provide us	a	
9	SENATOR HENSLEY: If you could provide us	9	severability provision is in House bill 2410. My
10	I presume it would be in the form of a	10	severability provision is in House bill 2410. My understanding is it probably is for the same
10 11	I presume it would be in the form of a printout.	10 11	severability provision is in House bill 2410. My understanding is it probably is for the same policy reasons but I've not heard that addressed
10 11 12	I presume it would be in the form of a printout. MR. DENNIS: Would you wanted a print out	10 11 12	severability provision is in House bill 2410. My understanding is it probably is for the same policy reasons but I've not heard that addressed specifically necessarily in the House K-12
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100 111 122 133 144 155 166 177 188 199 200 211 222 233 24	I presume it would be in the form of a printout. MR. DENNIS: Would you wanted a print out or just state totals? SENATOR HENSLEY: I think state totals would probably probably be sufficient. MR. DENNIS: Yeah, okay. SENATOR HENSLEY: Yeah. THE CHAIRMAN: Bear with me one second, Dale. Eddy, the the worksheet that you did for me, would that have the big total in it? MR. PENNER: Yeah, the that would be implicit in that spreadsheet, yeah.	10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	severability provision is in House bill 2410. My understanding is it probably is for the same policy reasons but I've not heard that addressed specifically necessarily in the House K-12 education budget committee. If the committee desires that certain portions of the Act be severable if found unconstitutional by the Kansas Supreme Court, then obviously the bill can be amended to adjust this provision or any particular provision of the Act to make it severable from the remainder of the Act. SENATOR BOYETTE: So if I'm hearing you right it was a matter of choice to make it that way in the past?

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MAY 22 COMMITTEE HEARING

	Page 25		Page 27
1	-	1	-
	SENATOR BOYETTE: Okay. Thank you very much. For the moment		next year because they might not have the staff or
3	MR. LONG: Okay.	3	the facility to do that. MS. LAWRENCE: Correct. This is for
4			
5	SENATOR BOYETTE: Thank you.	5	school districts that already offer full day
6	THE CHAIRMAN: Senator Pettey. SENATOR PETTEY: Thank you and I'll just	6	kindergarten and those kindergartners are only counted currently as .5, they would be allowed to
7		7	be counted as one; but this would not dictate a
8	go through my list if that's what if the Chair agrees. So on page three it's who does the	8	school to have an all day kindergarten program or
9	teaching excellence scholarships go to and is it	9	for kindergartners who attend kindergarten to be
	are they still in the bill? And is it for	10	all day kindergartners.
	or is it for national board certified?	11	SENATOR PETTEY: Thank you. Okay. Page
12	MS. LAWRENCE: I'm going to defer the	12	29, new section 14, so it seems that all the
13	appropriations sections questions to Mr. Penner.	13	
14	SENATOR PETTEY: Sorry, Eddy. It's	14	section, so I just need a better understanding of
15	page	15	that change.
16	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Line 27.	16	MS. LAWRENCE: This is the 20 mill tax
17	MR. PENNER: My recollection is that that	17	levy section. This is the same as it is
	line of appropriation is the national board	18	essentially in current law that would require
	certified teachers, and off the top of my head I	19	local school districts to levy a 20 mill property
20		20	tax on the property in their district.
21		21	SENATOR PETTEY: And it's referred to as
22	appropriation, that is a copied over section from	22	new because?
23	the Department of Ed section in the mega bill and	23	MS. LAWRENCE: Because we're repealing
	also from the Department of Ed section in the	24	the old one just so that the entire new school
	House school finance bill.	25	finance formula sections would all come together
	D		-
	Page 26	1	Page 28
	SENATOR PETTEY: So this would just be		as opposed to be spread out.
2	SENATOR PETTEY: So this would just be the funding for that national board certifying me?	2	as opposed to be spread out. SENATOR PETTEY: And so that's why it's
2 3	SENATOR PETTEY: So this would just be the funding for that national board certifying me? I know that it's spoken national board certify	2 3	as opposed to be spread out. SENATOR PETTEY: And so that's why it's repeatedly referred back to in I think in
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2 3 4 5 6 7	SENATOR PETTEY: So this would just be the funding for that national board certifying me? I know that it's spoken national board certify is spoken to further in the bill, but when I read that section I couldn't I wasn't I wasn't sure if this was its funding source. Thank you. Page 18 deals with kindergarten and so in as we	2 3 4 5 6 7	as opposed to be spread out. SENATOR PETTEY: And so that's why it's repeatedly referred back to in I think in trying to think how many times I've seen new section 14 referred back to, but any time there was something with taxes. MS. LAWRENCE: If we would like a little
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MAY 22 COMMITTEE HEARING

		1	
	Page 29		Page 31
1	MS. LAWRENCE: I don't see that as a	1	imposed under the cash basis law shall not apply
2	requirement in this report.		to; and then it kind of jumps over to B,
3	SENATOR PETTEY: It's not there?		expenditures in any month by school districts
4	MS. LAWRENCE: No.		which are in excess of current revenues and
5	SENATOR PETTEY: Okay. Thank you. And		continuing on. So it those expenditures, those
6	then page 56 on the new section 47 of the was		the limitations on those expenditures that are
7	that what Barbara dealt with that?		imposed under the cash basis law would not apply
8	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Uh-huh.	8	to those particular expenditures.
9	SENATOR PETTEY: I'm sorry. If I go back	9	SENATOR PETTEY: The cash basis law would
10	,	10	not apply?
11	now I'm okay, skip that, we've already answered	11	MS. LAWRENCE: Correct.
12		12	SENATOR PETTEY: So it wouldn't it
	this specifically this specifically deals with	1	wouldn't mean if they didn't have enough money?
	the surcharge on the utilities?	14	MS. LAWRENCE: Right. And again I'll
15	MS. LAWRENCE: Section 51 is the utility		just this is current law. This is just
	fee.		updating the reference to the appropriate section.
17	SENATOR PETTEY: And so I'm not sure if	17	SENATOR PETTEY: Okay. Page 98 and 99
	this is a question that (inaudible) asked but on	18	8 8 1 8
	page 59 when it talks about the the fee that	19	and 99. 98 is starting in line 12, 99 is starting
	would be imposed about line 27, when it talks		in line 8. Could you just clarify the meaning of
	about the fees on water rights, would does that		those two sections? It's letter C on page 98 and
	lead up to having that actually the first bill		it's letter D on page 99.
	would be 160 dollars? Because it has 120 dollars a	23	MS. LAWRENCE: So I think subsection C is
	year but then it says the first payment shall be		kind of referring back to what we were talking
25	due on or before March 1st but shall be prorated	25	about earlier in that a student if they are
	Page 30		Page 32
	r age 50		1 age 52
1	-	1	_
1 2	for calendar year 2017 and shall be 40 dollars.		provided transportation by their district but it's
2	for calendar year 2017 and shall be 40 dollars. So is that 40 dollars tacked on to the 120 dollars	2	provided transportation by their district but it's not the student's resident school district they
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MAY 22 COMMITTEE HEARING

		1	
	Page 33		Page 35
	page 98 or 99 are new? So that reference to not		included for purposes of the tax increment
2	8 Fare888		financing in those districts.
	reference to school buses.	3	SENATOR PETTEY: Okay. So it's after,
4	MR. LONG: They are not currently in		nothing that was prior to that?
5	,	5	MR. LONG: That's correct.
6		6	SENATOR PETTEY: And then on page 103
	language in the bill because they are would be	7 8	starting with line 23, so dealing with bilingual funding, so this basically means that
8		9	· ·
10	SENATOR PETTEY: So is this presently just policy?	10	once the money is in the bilingual fund it has to stay there, it can't be moved to the general fund,
11	MR. LONG: If you remember the Class Act	11	is that correct?
	fixed the transportation weighting for school	12	MS. LAWRENCE: I believe what this is
	districts as in effect on school year 14-15	13	saying is that the expenses of the school district
	which excluded these costs from transportation	14	that are for those bilingual education programs
	weighting. And so what was in the law prior to	15	must be paid from the bilingual education fund,
	the repeal the STFQPA has just been carried	16	and money that's deposited in or put into that
	forward for two years; and now with the	17	fund shall only be expended for those purposes.
	implementation of a new School Finance Act these	18	And I believe there is a funds transfer section
	*	19	earlier in the bill that I will have to double
	to reference the transportation weighting going	20	check to see exactly what it says; but I do
	forward.	21	believe it goes back to the prior STFQPA setup of
22			how funds could be transferred in and out or
23	102 dealing with it'd be the line 11, that	23	monies could be transferred to and from funds.
	reference to redevelopment districts, is that	24	SENATOR PETTEY: Well, you know, there is
	current? Is that	25	strucken language there. It appears that maybe
	Page 34		Page 36
1	-	1	-
1 2			the money could have originally been put in
	SENATOR PETTEY: And could you explain that?	3	general fund but this says it can't. Is that correct?
4	MS. LAWRENCE: I'm going to try. I am	4	MS. LAWRENCE: So I believe the stricken
	not an economic development reviser but I believe	5	language says, money deposited in that fund may be
	this relates to the sort of those tax		used for the payment directly attributable to
7		7	bilingual education or may be transferred to the
8	outlay and 20 mill, this would apply to them and	8	general fund. So this one requires that it shall
	this is just the date on which that would apply.	9	only be expended for those purposes, and again, I
10		10	would have to double check those funds transfer
11	anything prior to July 1 of 2017?		sections just to clarify exactly for you.
12	MS. LAWRENCE: So basically after July 1,	12	SENATOR PETTEY: Okay, thanks. And then
13	2017, they would no longer receive those	13	page 105, letter K, so this this just goes back
14	abatements.	14	to the definition of what a school year is, is
15	SENATOR PETTEY: The redevelopment	15	that correct?
16		16	MS. LAWRENCE: Correct.
17	MS. LAWRENCE: Correct. And I'm going to	17	SENATOR PETTEY: Okay. Page 108, there's
18	8	18	again a new section from lines 10 to 16.
19	MR. LONG: So under 251 the capital	19	MS. LAWRENCE: Yes. So this would limit
20	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	20	we're in the tax credit scholarship program
21	district tax increment financing; and because that	21	section and this would limit a scholarship
	is only prospective change you see the date there	22	granting organization. It would have to award at
	on page 102 on line 12. So for redevelopment	23	least 50 percent of those scholarships to students who are certified by the Department of Children
	districts created after on and after July 1st, 2017, the capital outlay tax levies would not be		and Families. So I believe currently it's just
	2017, the cupital outly tax levies would not be		and rammes. So rooneve currently it's just



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MAY 22 COMMITTEE HEARING

10 (37 - 40)

			10 (37 - 4)
	Page 37		Page 39
1	students who an eligible student is one who is	1	gathered, but
	just an at risk student. It doesn't have the	2	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Great. Then I
3	specific requirement of being directly certified	3	won't bring up the the amendments at this
4	by the department.	4	point. And by the way, the amendments, the Chair
5	SENATOR PETTEY: When you say certified	5	is aware of them, I'm not pulling any fast ones
6	does that mean it's actually been a client under	6	here, but one thing I kind of wonder if we
7	•	7	shouldn't be doing is eliminating that ten percent
8	MS. LAWRENCE: Yes.		floor deal. It's only school districts that
9	SENATOR PETTEY: Okay. Thank you. And	9	there's only two school districts it even effects.
10		10	•
	term real property and that's I think you've	11	I'm not sure that is something we need to be putting in there. I've heard this from lots of
12		12	
		13	uniterent proprie, sensor proprie, and mere s
	the moment that may have covered it. Thank you, Mr. Chairman.		thought my thinking is maybe we should keep the
		14	Special Ed money the same and call for a
15	THE CHAIRMAN: Senator Estes.		legislative study for next year before we launch
16	SENATOR ESTES: Thank you, Mr. Chair. I	16	into the changing the special ed allocation
17		17	process. And I also want to I would like to
18	address would be when it comes to the sunsets. We	18	see the the scholarship tax scholarship
	had talked about making it so that that gets	19	thing remain currently as it is in current law. I
	studied the year before so as not to get the	20	don't think there's a need to change this. That's
	schools into a fix. Is that did we actually	21	my feeling on it. I will in fact be bringing an
	change that or is that just an idea that we has to	22	amendment later on that effect; but just to give
	help it out or how did we end up with that?	23	you a heads-up on that, folks, in case you want to
24			discuss it. Severability clause, I think the way
25	conceptual idea that Senator Baumgardner threw	25	it's always been or the way it's been lately is if
	Page 38		Page 40
1	out. The sunsets are in this bill; she was	1	one part's unconstitutional that piece can be
2			fixed, it's not the whole thing gets thrown out.
3	an issue like we're having with Star Bonds as		I think in this in our proposal, is it not,
4	we		that if one part's unconstitutional the whole
5	SENATOR ESTES: Right.	5	thing is unconstitutional? Is that good give
6	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: There is a lot of	6	me some upgrade on this, folks, is that a good
7		7	idea or is it not?
8		8	THE CHAIRMAN: Senator King, do you want
11	because they don't understand the theory behind	9	to weigh in on that for us?
	it, and even those that do when you've heard it,	10	SENATOR KING: The only extent to which I
	it puts it up right up against them again. And I		feel comfortable weighing in is just looking at
	thought our idea her idea of doing it the year		what the court did in the Montoy litigation. This
	before was fine but I would assume we would need	13	non-severability provision is not new for this
	to get that somewhere written down so that	14	bill. My understanding is a similar provision was
15		15	in the legislation, I should say the multiple
16	of my concerns. Now we won't be this	16	iterations of legislation that were considered by
17		17	the court in Montoy. In that case in the next to
18	amendments now or later on, how do you want to	18	last Gannon opinion notwithstanding the non-
19	handle things like that?	19	severability provision, the Court actually took
20	THE CHAIRMAN: What I would like to do,	20	certain pieces of the legislation and stayed those
	Committee, on amendments I'd like to continue with	21	pieces and allowed the rest of the legislation to
	this due diligence data gathering; and then once	22	move forward, but first on a temporary basis, then
	we get to the point and we may reach it today, but	23	permanently. As well to the opposite extent in
	if we don't then I would like the amendments to	24	the equity suit that we just went through, there
	start coming after we've got all of our data		was a severability clause in that legislation and
			······································

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	Page 41		Page 43
1	the Court declared the entire structure of it	1	of the CPI for the midwest region for the three
	unconstitutional as a whole. It elected not to		immediately preceding school years. So I'd ask
3	sever certain portions. So a long way of saying		him to do a calculation for maybe the next three
4	the existence of a severability or a non-	4	years using that formula, because we had that
5	severability clause is a factor considered by a	5	calculation in the House bill for the five years.
6	Court but as has been shown many times	6	So could you do that for us, Eddy? I mean, you
7	particularly in school finance, litigation, the	7	don't have to do it right now but just
8	Courts don't always follow that suggestion.	8	MR. PENNER: I would just need clarity on
9	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Okay. One other	9	what you would want me to assume as the rate of
10	point, in talking about the utility bill part of	10	inflation for
11	this, I've done some research on the thing and the	11	SENATOR HENSLEY: The 1.5.
12	irrigation part of it actually, it really isn't	12	MR. PENNER: The 1.5, same as the House?
13	even germane to what we were trying to do with the	13	SENATOR HENSLEY: Yeah, the 1.5 percent
14	utility part, and that got put in there. So it	14	just like you did with the House calculation.
	has nothing to do with utility bills or anything	15	MR. PENNER: I can do that.
	else, as far as relating to the idea of the fee	16	SENATOR HENSLEY: Okay, thank you.
	for utility bills. So I will in fact have a an	17	Because I don't think we've seen that type of a
	amendment to propose to remove that part of it.	18	projection yet I don't believe.
	Also there will be one that will clarify to	19	THE CHAIRMAN: Senator Hensley, we have
	everybody, hopefully, just exactly how this	20	not. The Kansas Association of School Boards did
	applies to each individual homeowner whether	21	put that calculation up for two or three years on
	you're a farmer, whether you're a whoever you		their website, but Eddy can do it for us as well.
	are, whether you've gotten multiple hook-ups in		It's sitting out there on their website.
	town or what, but just to make it very, very clear	24	SENATOR HENSLEY: I didn't see it but I'd
25	to everyone that how that was actually intended	25	prefer that we get it from legislative research.
		-	
	Page 42		Page 44
1	-	1	-
1	Page 42 to happen. So at the appropriate time we'll bring that up for as well. Thank you, Mr. Chair.		Page 44 THE CHAIRMAN: Sure, yeah. So, Committee, if it's all right with you I had
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2 3 4	to happen. So at the appropriate time we'll bring that up for as well. Thank you, Mr. Chair. THE CHAIRMAN: Senator Estes, on the special education I know we had the presentation	2 3 4	THE CHAIRMAN: Sure, yeah. So, Committee, if it's all right with you I had Senator Baumgardner, did you have something? SENATOR BAUMGARDNER: (Inaudible.)
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	Page 45		Page 47
	do not I do not know basis for why they came up		title programs, and those monies then flow
	with that specific number. I know we had		directly in what we call Title I, Title II
3	conversations about four year old at risk		schools; and those monies must be allocated in on
4	(inaudible) it would it would seem and I'm	4	
5	going to I'm going to defer to Dale if I say	5	primarily are not doing well in reading and
6	this inappropriately, but I think about if you	6	mathematics. Now there's some other provisions
7	were to serve all of the at risk in those	7	within accreditation that also talked about low
8	communities (inaudible.)	8	graduation rates and how money must be spent if
9	Now, I want to I want to clarify those back	9	you're not graduating two-thirds of your students.
	to the board's original vision which came out of	10	There's also provisions in that talk about you
	what Kansans said. Kansans said we ought to look		must identify the lowest five percent of schools
12	at every community and that's the chain of	12	academically and provide them even more technical
	resources that you'd be working with now deliver	13	assistance. The other large part of money that I
14			think generally by its very definition go to at
	communities it would be I'll use my home town		risk students that would be students of
	of Coffeyville to scale that up because that		disabilities, and that of course is funded in a
	community asked for that. In other communities	17	whole different program of special education
	you may have (inaudible) providers that are doing	18	through IDA. I don't know, I would defer to Mr.
19		1	King or others as to what happens to federal
20	(inaudible) so the model may look a little	20	sources of funding if schools are not open.
21	different (inaudible.)	21	SENATOR BAUMGARDNER: Talk to us about
22	SENATOR BAUMGARDNER: So it isn't your		row standards and, you know, when we kind of go
23	position as commissioner that all at risk four		through that list of row standards some folks say,
24	year old needs to come from the public schools?		well, how is that really quantifiable? And so how
25	DR. WATSON: No, that's that's	25	is it that the Department of Education is going to
	Page 46		Page 48
1	Page 46 (inaudible.)	1	-
1	-		quantify some of those what seems sometimes a
	(inaudible.)		-
2	(inaudible.) SENATOR BAUMGARDNER: Thank you.	2	quantify some of those what seems sometimes a little esoteric, some of those row standards. DR. WATSON: We refer to those as Rose
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MAY 22 COMMITTEE HEARING

			12 11 13 (4) = 52
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1	early childhood, and speaks then to look at those	1	University of Kansas with her degree in
	what we call those seven domain areas and say		psychology, and she was an at risk student by
11	where is Randy Watson strong and weak? Where is	3	
4		4	so what we would what we would do is we would
5	do we adjust the system to make sure that they are		look at those those at risk programing, at risk
	ready when they leave us for whatever they choose		functions that that state board would define
11	to be their plan of study. If you encompass all	7	and then we would audit those students that go in
11	of that you start to get to what the Rose capacity	8	and out of those programs of need. That's what we
9	speak of, which is how do you help in all those	9	did in the past. We asked for, you know, in that
10	capacity students to be successful later on in	10	case who was who was in all day kindergarten,
11	life? That's what the Rose capacity speak to and	11	you know, because it was being used, but if you're
12	I think that's what the state board tried to put	12	in a remedial reading or maybe you're seeing a
13	together after listening to Kansans as they put	13	counselor because of social emotional help in
14	together their accreditation system.	14	addition to regular counseling procedures, so with
15	SENATOR BAUMGARDNER: My next question	15	at risk you have some things that are preventative
16	has to do with, you know, the the courts talked	16	in order to get students there and then you have
17	about making sure that we were addressing the very	17	some things that we would call additional help or
18	different but specific needs of that lower 25	18	remedial to assist.
19	percent students, and one of the things that is	19	SENATOR BAUMGARDNER: If you don't mind
20	definitely in Senate Bill 2151 is that aspect of	20	could we go back to the Rose capacities just for a
21	the all day kindergarten funding, the one FTE for	21	minute?
22	kindergarten, to free up at risk funding that was	22	DR. WATSON: Yes, ma'am.
11	often being used to kind of offset that all day	23	SENATOR BAUMGARDNER: Do you envision, is
	kindergarten cost. So when we looking at other		it possible potentially that a school district
25	weightings they are pretty easy to verify or to	25	might lose accreditation based on their failure to
	Page 50		Page 52
1	audit as far as transportation and things like	1	meet the Rose capacities in one or more of their
	that, but when we swing into that at risk		
	weighting going toward the needs of of kids,	3	DR. WATSON: Well, the accreditation's by
	what is going to be in place so that we can audit	4	district.
	that spending for the child if they are if it's	5	SENATOR BAUMGARDNER: Right.
	a child with a disability, we have the IEP but we	6	DR. WATSON: And the district will have
7	don't have that tool or document, if you will, for	7	to prove that all of their buildings are reaching
8	at risk. So what do you foresee is going to be	8	appropriate gains. I would refer you again back
9	available to audit or to verify when we broaden	9	to this page. Here are the Rose capacities and
10	that scope for the at risk funding?	10	the underpinnings of it. We're measuring this
11	DR. WATSON: Prior to the last two years	11	whole excuse me, this half so we're we're
12	where we set aside the old formula and we had the	12	
13	bought formula, we had in the old law by statute	13	capacities, we're doing it through the board
	that the state board would enact a system of how	14	outcomes moving forward. And it is it is
15	at risk money and where at risk money could be	15	possible that school districts could either be
16		16	conditionally accredited or not reach their
	continue to do so. What's interesting and I was	17	accreditation based upon these board outcomes
	just having this conversation with Representative	18	which are directly aligned to the Rose capacities.
	(inaudible) on the way here is that students come	19	SENATOR BAUMGARDNER: Okay. And I
11	in and out of that what we call at risk. Now some	20	guess
11	stay there longer than we would like and some move	21	DR. WATSON: Everything that was built
	in and out, and I was I was just smiling as	22	here was built on the foundation.
11	before I came up because of tweeted out a picture	23	SENATOR BAUMGARDNER: On that foundation
	of a young lady that I helped tremendously in		of
25	McPherson who just walked across the stage at	25	DR. WATSON: of the Rose capacities.
		I	



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1	So yes, if you're looking at can you tell me how	1	broad things, they looked at their accreditation
2	we're going to measure each one of those, it's	2	and where they wanted to go, and they did not have
3	measured within a more complex system but it would	3	the Supreme Court decision laying in front of them
4	build upon that as the foundational structure.	4	at that time. So they looked at the three judge
5	SENATOR BAUMGARDNER: Okay. And one last	5	panel and said, based upon where we think we need
6	thing. You heard me speak to a little bit earlier	6	to go and the three judge panel, this would be the
7	today but, you know, we did have several districts	7	recommendation that we would give as to a budget,
8	that came forward and they were roughly, they were	8	And it was a multiple year budget.
9	asking for roughly over the course of two years	9	SENATOR BAUMGARDNER: Thank you very
10	nearly an additional billion dollars. So talk to	10	much.
11	us about because I know in meetings and	11	DR. WATSON: Thank you.
	conversations with you before you have shared	12	THE CHAIRMAN: Thank you, Randy.
	that, you know, some districts are going to kind	13	DR. WATSON: Thank you.
	of be spinning and wondering how exactly with this	14	THE CHAIRMAN: Senator Boyette.
	increase in funding how are we going to use it	15	SENATOR BOYETTE: Thank you. I thought
	well, use it appropriately for the needs of our	16	you understood my signals. Thank you, Madam, or
	students. So what's the down side of suddenly	17	Mr. Chairman. This chart is wonderful to me and
	here's a half a billion dollars to spread out	18	really sets out a plan for the state; and my I
	there, and what's the up side of kind of pacing it	19	don't know if it's a question or comment and I
	over the course of a couple years?	20	need your input to this. When we look at this
21	DR. WATSON: Well, the up side to	21	bill 251 as written, it puts down a definition of
	additional funding is many of the programs that	22	success to establish adequate funding based on
	either have been postponed or put aside, have been		four outcomes, of which they are only part of one
	cut, can be reinstated. So when we talked, one of		in this plan. And so it would be helpful for me
	the things that I hear from teachers a great deal		
25	the times that I hear from teachers a great dear	25	to hear from you how you picture the board
	Page 54		Page 56
1	-	1	_
	is class size has risen in some cases what they	1 2	participating in what makes a successful school
	is class size has risen in some cases what they would proceed to be extremely too high, and I hear		participating in what makes a successful school and what you would like to see us doing as we move
2	is class size has risen in some cases what they would proceed to be extremely too high, and I hear that from parents. Excuse me. So there may be	2	participating in what makes a successful school and what you would like to see us doing as we move forward to ensure that.
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	want by simply focusing on reading and math. We		my understanding that we use low or poverty
	have not. We've spent over 15 years solely		levels essentially as a proxy for at risk for the
	focused on reading and math at the exclusion of	3	amount we need, but really students who are at
	other things. So not only did Kansans say we	4	risk, I mean, if you used something like the Aces
5	balance this system, get us balanced back, we know	5	criteria or there are would could be a lot
6	that students need much more than just knowing how	6	of ways to identify. And this has been one that
7	to do reading and mathematics to be successful	7	has worked and we're seem to be comfortable
8	when they leave us. That's the complexity of what	8	with, but it doesn't mean that there aren't
9	we look at.	9	students as risk in a place that maybe doesn't
10	Now to get to the funding question, so we	10	meet the ten percent, would that be a correct
	we continue to spend all of our efforts along how	11	statement from your perspective?
	to do that we will get more sophisticated in	12	DR. WATSON: Yes, free lunch has been the
	learning about about those things as we move	13	mechanism, as you said, the proxy by which to
	into future years. We I think when the state	14	deliver the funds. The delivery of who receives
	board set forth their budget I think there was a	15	those funds have been those students and I'll
	premise and it was never said, Senator Boyette, so	16	go back historically that have been under-
	I'm a little bit out on a limb here, I think I'm	17	performing academically. We are saying because
	reading what they were saying is, if there were	18	the Rose capacities and because of the focus of
19	increased funding school districts locally in	19	what Kansans said to the state board we need to
20	conjunction with this accreditation model would	20	focus on, that at risk is a broader definition
	move toward having those kids be successful,	21	today than what than what it was in that era
	wouldn't have to be pinpointed in statute on how	22	because we know that students are academically
	to do it, it would be done through this model, if	23	prepared and not going on to be successful, that
	that makes sense. That's difficult if you're	24	there's more to it. So so we will use
25	looking at accord and, saying where should we pin	25	school will use that money in order to make those
	Page 58		Page 60
1	Page 58	1	Page 60 decisions on how to best help students reach their
	point money?		decisions on how to best help students reach their
2	point money? I think we looked at it a lot differently. We	2	decisions on how to best help students reach their potential.
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	Page 61		Page 63
1 the st	akeholders in Kansas said get the community	1	that we have in Kansas each year? Do
	her to ascertain where are the kids, why are	2	DR. WATSON: I would have to look that
	coming to school not ready. If you asked	3	up, Senator Pettey.
	now do you scale that in many communities,	4	SENATOR PETTEY: But this actually could
	ggest bang for the dollar happens in early	5	only provide for about 800 teachers which is under
	to five years old. And so in many of our	6	that number I'm sure.
	nunities, go back to Coffeyville, they said, we	7	DR. WATSON: Yes.
	two people working, we can't do this. We	8	SENATOR PETTEY: And when you hear
	daycare on either side. And so they have	9	when you saw within this bill the that funding
	l universal three and four year old preschool	10	•
	n the morning to 7:00 at night with daycare	11	it be your assumption that schools would be paying
	ough the summer. That's what that	12	that and has there been any discussion about how
	unity asked for. If you were in a more highly	13	much that would be?
	ent school district for example, they may say	14	DR. WATSON: I have not been a part of
	of our kids are at home. What we need are	15	any discussion with that. It may have come
16 paren	ts with better skills and maybe you'd want to	16	through Craig and Dale's office but I have not
	up parents as teachers in those communities.	17	been a part of any discussion on on whether
	how you move the funding in early childhood	18	schools would be charged that.
	s necessary for for communities to be	19	SENATOR PETTEY: Okay. So you haven't
20 differ	ent, but no doubt they have to be quality	20	had any discussions
21 pre-K	experiences for you to see that gain. For	21	DR. WATSON: I have not been a part of
22 exam	ple, you can have a student who arrives with a	22	any discussion.
	ner birthday, a young man, this happens	23	SENATOR PETTEY: So maybe Eddy could
24 freque	ently; and a kindergarten teacher or someone		provide for us what that could cost our school
²⁵ could	say, have you thought about keeping the	25	districts if they are paying that surcharge for
	Page 62		Page 64
1 studer	nt home? They are just not quite ready.	1	water, gas and electric; because I didn't see any
2 Well,	if nothing intervenes in that year they	2	place in this bill where they are exempt.
3 would	l they need to be in school and take that	3	MR. PENNER: We can look into it.
4 studer	nt where they are. But if we have proper	4	SENATOR PETTEY: Thank you. And my last
	entions coming forward, again, whether	5	question was about section 6, page 24 no, I
	at home, whether it's in a faith base,	6	think that's page 24. There's driver's ed spoken
	er it's at school, with appropriate, you	7	to in this bill but we don't fund driver's ed.
	, training then that's that's where the	8	Anybody?
	would lie in making that happen.	9	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: (Inaudible.)
10	SENATOR PETTEY: Because the state board	10	SENATOR PETTEY: I know it's in here but
	gh quality standards for the four year at	1	we don't fund it.
12 risk		12	THE CHAIRMAN: Would you ask Tamara that
13	DR. WATSON: Yes. SENATOR RETTEX: program as it is?		question?
15	SENATOR PETTEY: program as it is? DR. WATSON: Yes.	14	SENATOR PETTEY: So I think it's page I'll look again, section 6 page 24, it speaks to
16	SENATOR PETTEY: So since I got the mic	16	driver's ed but we don't is this just carry
	bing to follow up with a couple other	17	over language? We don't fund driver's ed. Might
	ions if that's okay with the chairman.	18	
19	THE CHAIRMAN: Just don't make us too	19	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: (Inaudible.)
20 late.		20	SENATOR PETTEY: It's not the right
21	SENATOR PETTEY: Okay. Because I think		maybe it's page 49, sorry. It's line 7.
$ _{22}$ they a	are ones that you can answer. So there's	22	MS. LAWRENCE: Yes, so that just
			· 5
	ng in this bill for mentoring. It's	23	establishes that expenditure fund for school
23 fundii			establishes that expenditure fund for school districts. And I believe they already have that
23 fundii 24 \$800,	ng in this bill for mentoring. It's	24	



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MAY 22 COMMITTEE HEARING

	Page 65		Page 67
1	-	1	
	language in this school finance formula.		CERTIFICATE
2	SENATOR PETTEY: Even so they could	2	STATE OF KANSAS
	have a fund from private funds, because we don't	3	SS:
	have any weighting of any type for driver's ed. I	4	COUNTY OF SHAWNEE
5	think Eddy can answer it.	5	I, Annette S. Droste, a Certified Court
6	THE CHAIRMAN: Yeah, Eddy, could you take	6	Reporter, Commissioned as such by the
7	care of that for us?	7	Supreme Court of the State of Kansas, and
8	MR. PENNER: We actually the state	8	authorized to take depositions and
9	does have transfers from the there's a state	9	administer oaths within said State pursuant
10	safety fund and I believe also a motorcycle safety	10	to K.S.A 60-228, certify that the foregoing
11	fund that that the department does distribute	11	was transcribed from audio CD, and that the
12	to the district to go into those funds.	12	foregoing constitutes a true and accurate
13	SENATOR PETTEY: Right. Thank you okay.	13	transcript of the same.
	Appreciate that.	14	
15	THE CHAIRMAN: Okay, Committee, we need	15	I further certify that I am not related
		16	to any of the parties, nor am I an employee
	to stop for today. We need to be on the floor three minutes are. What we'll do is I know that		of or related to any of the attorneys
17		17	representing the parties, and I have no
	the House is has called another conference	18	financial interest in the outcome of this
	committee on tax but we're more than likely going	19	matter.
	to have some committee work. So we're going to	20	Given under my hand and seal this
	stop our education work today and start back up at	21	13th day of July, 2017.
	1:30 tomorrow; but we're going to work around	22	
23	everybody's schedule, that is to say if we have to	23	Annette S. Droste, C.C.R No. 1301
24	go back on the floor and if we can escape and come	24	
25	back here we're going to work most of the	25	
		<u> </u>	
	Page 66		
1	afternoon, because I'd like to get most of this		
2	bill in pretty good shape by the end of the day		
3	tomorrow. So get ready for a longer day tomorrow.		
	We'll be back here at 1:30. Thank you.		
5	(THEREUPON, the recording ended.)		
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Exhibit B

Transcript of July 11, 2017 KSBE Meeting

1	STATE OF KANSAS
2	
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5	
6	
7	The following is a partial transcript
8	of the proceedings of the Kansas State Board of
9	Education Meeting held on July 11, 2017,
10	transcribed from an MP3 file.
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1	MR. CHAIRMAN: And now it is time for
2	the Commissioner's Report, what we have waited
3	the entire month to hear, sir. So it's all
4	yours.
5	COMMISSIONER WATSON: Everyone came this
6	morning. Good. Got here to get a good seat.
7	MR. CHAIRMAN: Jim, did you have a
8	question or just signing in?
9	JIM: Just signing in.
10	MR. CHAIRMAN: Sorry I interrupted you.
11	COMMISSIONER WATSON: That's all right.
12	Thank you. Thank you, Mr. Chairman. Good
13	morning, everyone. It is mid July and summer
14	has arrived in Kansas, if you didn't notice.
15	It's that early morning when you walk out, or
16	late at night, either one, and it just kind of
17	takes your breath away. Welcome to the sauna.
18	So there are three things that I want
19	to share with you this morning. Some of what we
20	are doing in the agency, a little bit about the
21	redesign, and then some things I think that have
22	been reported that I want to make sure that
23	everyone understands. So first of all, you may
24	or may not remember this, but a little bit over
25	a year ago I asked CCSSO, that's the

organization of the Chief State Officers, to come in and do a capacity review of our agencies to tell us where we were strong, where we were weak and give us recommendations about where to go for the future. They gave a nice report, they were here several days.

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This is one of the summary charts of that. It said these areas in green they thought we were doing really well, and this is over a year ago. Those areas in kind of light green were really good. Areas in red were where we had the greatest need. And if you think about where the red is, primarily it's plan and deliver. Plan and deliver, right? We had this vision and this mission we had to plan and deliver.

17 So we then worked with the 18 Comprehensive Center and kind of put that, you 19 know what that is, we are served through the 20 U.S. Department of Ed in kind of regional 21 centers, one of those you probably recognize, 22 it's called RAIL, or when I was still in the 23 field it was MCRAIL, but RAILs are branches of, 24 they are areas throughout the country that serve 25 states in order to do research about best

practices and how to help states scale up. We also are served, maybe lesser known to people in the field, by what's called the Comprehensive Center, and those again are regionalized, and we are part of the Southern Comprehensive Center, including Oklahoma, Louisiana. And Ken's on that.

VOICE: Central.

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COMMISSIONER WATSON: Yes, Central 9 10 Comprehensive Center. We'll be meeting in Santa 11 Fe in a month or so. So we asked them, as part 12 of their grant, would they please come in and 13 work with us on doing just that, deliver, plan 14 and deliver your vision in operational terms 15 within our agency. And so I am not going to go 16 over this in detail, but we have spent the 17 entire year in something called Strategic 18 Performance Management. And if you talk to any 19 of our people internally they will simply say, 20 we are going through an SMP process, and you 21 will go another acronym, don't have no idea what 22 it means. Strategic performance management is 23 the system we have been learning about and are 24 going to be engaged in. 25 And I know this is, but it's taking

your vision and mission, we attached some values of who we are as an agency, the goals, the strategies, the milestones and all of that are our operational deadlines and management to make that happen. And this is just some flow of when we sent the direction, this is the planning and more where we are now.

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We are at the assigned personnel to the 8 9 structure phase and coordinate and make 10 assignments. And we are in that last two phases and then we just continue to reevaluate. 11 So 12 guess what's happening this week? We are 13 aligning our agency to your vision. And that always is when we get to that stage, you know, I 14 15 have been here now two years, we needed to go 16 out and learned what Kansas wanted us to do, 17 make sure we got that done right, how you wanted to do it and talk about it, and now it's time to 18 19 really align to do that work. It's a new era, 20 it is not a no child left behind era, it's a new 21 era for us. And so you will be seeing over the 22 next several weeks people who will have 23 different titles, moved to better suit what they 24 do really, really well. We have lots of really 25 competent people in the agency and you will also

1	see over the next several months some new
2	people, too.
3	I wanted to let you know this is where
4	we are at. A lot of internal work that you will
5	really never see on a daily basis, it's work
6	that we will make sure we are doing what's best
7	for your vision and continue to have updates as
8	we go through it with you.
9	Well, there were seven guys in funny
10	looking space suits, right? Those mercury,
11	those kind of look like the Lost In Space suits.
12	If some of you remember Lost In Space days. I
13	was trying to remember lost, were they on mars?
14	Where were they at? What planet were they
15	stranded on? We'll have to go back, it wasn't
16	the moon, I don't think, but the robot and they
17	were lost, they were Lost In Space.
18	Well, these seven astronauts certainly
19	weren't. They were very brave gentleman and we
20	are, as of July 11th, just short of one month
21	out from the August 1 deadline of getting seven
22	school districts to volunteer for your vision to
23	spend a year and redesign with some of our
24	agency in their community, making it their's and
25	then launching for them a new elementary school

1 and a new secondary school with existing staff, existing principals, existing school board, no 2 new money and the existing building that they 3 are in in the fall of '18. 4 I will tell you that as of this 5 6 morning, at least when I came downstairs, we had 7 four completed applications, and Brad and I have been on the phone a lot because a lot of votes 8 were taken last night at Board Meetings, and I 9 10 think we'll see several more; but we always encourage, and this is what we do every time. 11 12 We talk to staff and superintendent, school 13 board members, we would encourage everyone who 14 has an interest is to go do this. 15 What you have to be, those seven are a 16 little bit crazy, a little bit okay with the 17 unknown and a deep desire that we can do this 18 with your community and with the teachers and 19 really make this happen. So I want to thank all the organizations that have participated so far, 20 21 and we'll be announcing the seven at this board 22 meeting next month. So it will be an exciting 23 time. 24 This never gets old, I say it I think 25 every time we put it up, and Jim so eloquently

1 read that poem this morning that talked about children. The very reason all of us are here, 2 and the very reason that we serve. 3 And Steve and I were having a brief conversation before, 4 why we go in to this profession, if you are in 5 6 it like I am, you get the opportunity, in fact, 7 last night, you know, old people on Facebook hanging out, one of my former students, which I 8 still, I still call students, Kathy, you 9 10 probably do, too; and this one happened to be 52, so I don't know that she enjoyed that, but 11 12 she was deciding to go through a new workout 13 regimen in Wichita. And she had posted, last 14 time I worked this hard I was, Randy Watson had 15 done, killed us in volleyball practice in 16 Andover 30 years ago. So you never, never get 17 disconnected from the kids that you have in the 18 classroom or in coaching. And so if anything more, lead the world 19 20 I say is nice, it's about the success of each 21 student, and when you get up in the morning you 22 ought to know that what you are putting forth, 23 is that we look at each kid and each family and 24 try to navigate this really complex journey to 25 help them in whatever they choose and how they

1	choose to do it and how they choose to go.
2	But recently in the media, and I am not
3	here to bash the media, I think they do a great
4	job, I am here to talk about what the media has
5	been reporting, not the media itself, but the
6	media reported some things related to your
7	vision and mission as maybe far reaching, really
8	out there. And I want to remind people, and
9	it's the chart that you have in front of you,
10	and you have many copies of this now. The
11	accreditation model was about four to five years
12	in the making when I came here. You know that.
13	It was long, we made some modifications and
14	tweaks before we launched, but you know it was
15	being worked on long in advance.
16	The top part of this was successful
17	high school graduate, your definition,
18	established with the Kansas superintendents
19	maybe four years ago now with a tweak after we
20	went through the listening tours about civic
21	engagement and those results are where that
22	vision took us. The middle part, or the bottom
23	part, are where school districts and schools are
24	going to spend their time, that evidence based
25	practices. And maybe not talked about very

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much, maybe to my fault, are the foundational structures.

There are two things that happen with everything that we do about your vision. And when I am out talking to schools I rarely talk about it, because I want to talk about where they live, which is in the classroom and how it make it happen, but there are two things I want to be clear today to anyone listening what those two things are. One, everything we do has the backbone of ESSA in it. There is not anything that we are doing that isn't supportive by the plan that we will submit to the federal government.

15 But we are not just not reacting to 16 what the federal government did, we have our own plan, but the ESSA is embedded in everything we do, it's foundational. And the second, we don't 19 talk much about it because it's foundational 20 about everything we do, are the Rose Capacities. 21 The Rose Capacities are often called the Rose 22 Standards, where, as you know, it is discussed 23 for the first time in Kansas in a lawsuit, but they are foundational. We don't really identify the Rose Structures, they are foundational, as

1 are some other things. But I would like for you to just take a second, and over the next several 2 months we'll talk about ESSA, but today I would 3 4 like you to think about the Rose Capacities and 5 the Rose Standards. They are not very many. 6 Here's one, sufficient oral and written 7 communication skills to engage students in a complex and rapidly changing civilization. 8 Oral and written communication skills. Do you see 9 10 that anywhere on here in your accreditation model? Do we ever talk about academics and 11 12 cognitive skills that are necessary to go 13 forward? Do we ever talk about kids that maybe 14 ought to get speech credit because they are in 15 FFA, and they are giving speeches all the time, 16 and that is a communication credit? It's deeply 17 embedded, oral and written communication skills 18 in everything we do. 19 So I don't think it's extra, I think 20 it's critical. Mission critical. How about 21 this, how about these two Rose Capacities, which 22 I think compliment each other, knowledge of 23 economic social and political systems so 24 students can make informed choices, and 25 sufficient understanding of government processes

1	so they understand how that affects their
2	community, their state and nation. Do you
3	remember what you did after the visiting and
4	listening tours after what Kansans said? You
5	said, let's make sure civic engagement is so
6	prominent, we'll put it as part of the
7	definition. Foundational from the Rose
8	Capacities and Rose Standards, it was mission
9	critical, from, for Kansans to say we want
10	people that know how to give back and understand
11	the system and will serve on a state school
12	board or a local board or a volunteer commission
13	or will help at the local Red Cross. But they
14	will understand how laws are made and they will
15	understand how to go about the process.
16	Critical. Not rough, but critical, core.
17	Or how about this Rose Capacity, the
18	self knowledge of his or her, let's talk about
19	the first one. Mental wellness. Do you
20	remember something called social or emotional?
21	Can you find that on one of your result
22	outcomes? You said, hey, Kansans say we need to
23	pay attention to mental and medical wellness.
24	And take a look at nutritional wellness, very
25	much embedded right there in our accreditation

model.

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2	So often times when people argue about
3	a math score or a reading score, are they taking
4	into account the Rose Capacities that clearly
5	state we ought also be concerned with someone's
6	mental and physical wellness? Because I will
7	tell you, we have, even though it's a small,
8	small percent, any student that takes his or her
9	life is one too many. And you know in Kansans
10	this spring we lost three students to suicide.
11	And everyone takes that very personal if you are
12	in this business.
13	How about sufficient grounding in the
14	arts? So that someone can appreciate their own
15	culture and their own heritage. You heard our
16	legislature last month, I believe it's last
17	month, or the month before, talking about
18	cultural heritage and how important that was to
19	understand the arts. So are the arts an add on?
20	Not according to the Rose Capacities. Not
21	according to how we are looking at the whole
22	child. It's not an add on. It's essential.
23	And finally, the last two Rose
24	Standards, sufficient training for preparation
25	for advanced training in either academic or

1 vocational fields. So that each child can choose where they want to go and can do so 2 without remediation. Remember that little term 3 you put? That they can go to KU and be in a, 4 you know, in a graduate program and have the 5 6 skill set to be successful. That they can go to 7 welding school and be successful. That they can, that they, whatever they choose that they 8 will, that we will provide training and 9 10 preparation so that they are ready to be successful. 11 And the last one is, sufficient levels 12 13 of both of those academic and vocational to 14 enable every public school student to compete 15 favorably with their counterparts in academics 16 or the job market. Welcome to lead the world. 17 It's not fluff, it's not too ambitious, it is 18 core to what the Rose Capacities, Kansans and 19 your vision said. And I just, as I read this 20 week I thought some people are saying, well, 21 that's nice, it's just a lot. It is a lot. And 22 it's being demanded of us and you responded, 23 probably, I like you, spend our time talking in 24 teacher language and principal language about 25 what it means, and how to do it, and we

1 oftentimes don't talk about the ESSA or Rose 2 Capacities or Standards enough, and other people like to. 3 So tomorrow Brad's going to walk you 4 through how our kids are doing in that 5 6 preparation, called that post secondary success 7 measures, he will walk you through and show you your own school districts that you represent. 8 9 Those are the Rose Standards and Rose 10 Capacities. So I just want to take a few minutes 11 12 today, to again emphasize for everyone to 13 understand that those, that foundation that's on 14 this sheet, that's about every part of what we 15 design, is critical for students to be 16 successful in what they choose to go in to. 17 Mr. Chairman, I would stand for any 18 questions that you have. 19 MR. CHAIRMAN: I want to go back to the 20 redesign. I am assuming that we are going to 21 have more than seven applications. Can you kind of walk us through the process of choosing the 22 23 things you are looking for. 24 COMMISSIONER WATSON: We are looking 25 for, let's talk about the core requirements.

1 It's August 1 is the deadline, and in the application the school district's minimal have 2 to meet these three minimum criteria. 3 They have to have a public vote by their local board 4 that's affirmative. So at minimum 4-3, say we 5 6 want to do this. So there is a discussion with 7 the school board. They have to have an 80 percent vote of 8 the faculty in the building that they are 9 10 proposing for the redesign, not the entire district if you are a large district like 11 12 Wichita, but the specific buildings. Some 13 cases, many of you know that will be the entire 14 district, but 80 percent vote. We don't, we 15 just say have it, school board can validate 16 that, we don't validate that. And then a letter 17 of support by a conversation with their local 18 teacher association, generally that is KMEN. We need those three things to occur. 19 20 And then the application is very 21 It's described why you want to do this simple. 22 and what preparation in your community you have 23 engaged in doing that. We have a small group of

Tammy, a couple of outside people that will

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IRELAND COURT REPORTING

people led by our two redesign people, Jay and

1	review those on August 2nd and that next week
2	we'll announce them. So we would love to have
3	15 or 20. At this point we have four.
4	So I was listening to a New York Times
5	reporter this morning who said, I want to make
6	sure that what I do is report what we know and
7	not what we don't know. We have a lot of
8	interest, Mr. Chairman, we have four completed
9	applications. So I always say, interest is not
10	commitment, and we are looking for some people
11	that are committed and are wanting to do it.
12	Does that help?
13	MR. CHAIRMAN: Sure. The next one is
14	not a question, but a statement to the members
15	of the board. Randy brought up some perhaps
16	misinterpretations of our vision, and we have a
17	workshop scheduled for 11:00 o'clock tomorrow
18	and we are going to expand on that at that time.
19	That will be the start of that conversation to
20	see if we want to respond in any way to that,
21	and that's our decision, you know; but, well, if
22	that discussion is not very long then the next
23	thing that we'll discuss is basically how we
24	each respond to complaints, and how we can maybe
25	talk about how we can support each other and

1 better ways to do that. Thank you very much. Ι 2 see no other questions. COMMISSIONER WATSON: Thank you. 3 MR. CHAIRMAN: I now declare the 4 citizens open forum of the Kansas State Board of 5 6 Education meeting over at 10:26 a.m. The State 7 Board provides this opportunity for citizens to share the use of topics of interest or issues 8 9 currently being considered by the State Board. 10 The State Board asks that speakers identify themselves by name and the name of the group 11 12 they represent, if applicable. The State Board 13 also asks that each speaker focus their remarks 14 on issues or topics. Personal attacks will not 15 be tolerated. Each speaker is limited to three 16 minutes. Any Board questions will be for 17 clarification only. 18 Our first speaker is Mark Tomlin 19 followed by Kelly Peace. 20 Mr. Tomlin, welcome to the State Board 21 of Education. 22 23 24 25

1	CERTIFICATE
2	
3	STATE OF KANSAS)
4) ss: SEDGWICK COUNTY)
5	
6	I, Rachelle Smith, a Certified
7	Shorthand Reporter within and for the State of
8	Kansas, certify that the foregoing is a partial
9	transcript that has been transcribed from an MP3
10	recording had in this matter at the
11	aforementioned time and place.
12	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have
13	hereunto set my hand and official Kansas
14	registration information at Wichita, Kansas,
15	this July 12, 2017.
16	
17	Certified Court Reporter registered with the
18	Kansas Supreme Court, No. 0864. Expires June
19	30th, 2018.
20	\frown Λ Λ \circ
21	Gachelle Smith
22	Jochelle Smith
23	
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25	COSTS:\$

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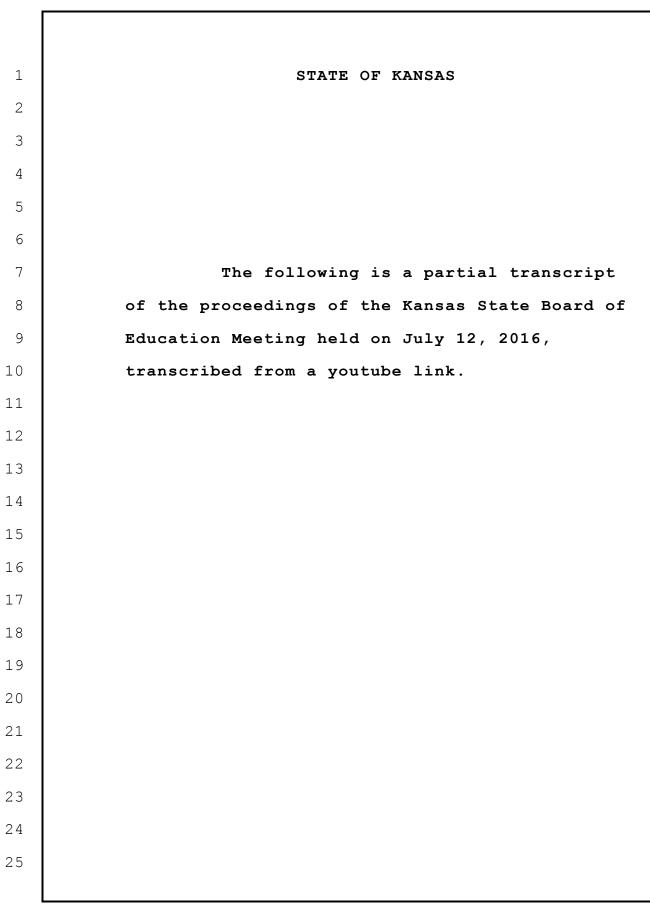
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Exhibit C

Transcript of July 12, 2016 KSBE Meeting



1	MR. DENNIS: Okay, Mr. Chairman, are we
2	ready?
3	MR. CHAIRMAN: Moving on.
4	MR. DENNIS: Moving on. As we go
5	through this, the only thing I might say as we
6	go through this, I think this is a very, very
7	difficult decision you have to make; but a very,
8	very important decision. Your goal, I would
9	assume would be is to come up with a
10	recommendation that would meet the Constitution.
11	And I will leave that in your eyes as to what
12	that is, and I will go through that; but the
13	Supreme Court scheduled hearings September 21st.
14	They will probably come down with a decision, I
15	don't know, three to four months later, say four
16	months later, of January sometime maybe, along
17	in there, whenever they decide to. But anyway,
18	it would sure be nice if the recommendations met
19	the Constitution, whatever that is. And
20	somebody suggested, and it may be Randy, well,
21	put in there whatever the Constitution requires,
22	but you can't do that, you have to put in
23	numbers.
24	So anyway we'll walk through it and see
25	where we are. Okay. This is a little history,

1	won't spend much time, this is the Base State
2	Aid Per Pupil. A little history on that. And
3	the highest we ever got was 2008-9 as \$4,400.
4	And they could change the formula and go
5	altogether different, but whatever they do it's
6	got to be tied somehow to kids. And probably
7	there will be a basic amount of so much per
8	student. $$4,400$ that year started out at $$4,433$
9	and cut it to \$4,400. This is what it's been
10	since then.
11	BOARD MEMBER: Hold on, last year was
12	(inaudible.)
13	MR. DENNIS: Correct. Good memory. And
14	we followed the three year plan until the spring
15	of '09 when we had a little financial problems
16	and kept \$4,433 and ended up with \$4,400. Okay?
17	Here's what it's been since that date, right now
18	in '14-'15, and it's the same for this year. We
19	froze it at \$3,852 on the block grant. And
20	here's some history. We added another year to
21	it, same thing, just to show the history. Now,
22	here's, Mr. Chairman, we may want to go through
23	this and then come back and make decisions, if
24	that's okay.
25	MR. CHAIRMAN: Yes, please.

1 MR. DENNIS: All right, now, the question arises in '17, so this is a two year 2 budget, '18-'19, fiscal year '18 and fiscal year 3 '19, not next year, next year was taken care of 4 with the legislature. So if you go to \$3,852 5 6 and you can see the numbers going through, those 7 numbers have all gotten a little background behind it. 8 9 Like last year remember you did a phase 10 in of 4,420, then went to 41, that's what we had one time, 43 is what it started the year out, 11 12 \$4,492 was in the law and \$4,650 came out of the 13 Court opinion, the District Court opinion in 14 December of, what, '14. I believe it was. Page 15 101 and 105, right in there is where it is. 16 Anyway, so that's what the cost is. Okay? One more. Now, '18-'19 if you do some 17 18 kind of index and say, well, we'll go this 19 amount this year and another amount next year, 20 then it shows you there in \$100 increments what 21 it costs in the second year, '18-'19. Ι 22 couldn't do it like I did the first year because 23 I didn't know what the answer was for the first 24 year. All right. 25 Supplemental General, the Court just

1	approved going back to the old formula funding
2	on the equity basis and they funded 466.9
3	million dollars and that ain't going to go up
4	very much, that's going to stay, if the base is
5	frozen. That isn't going it to go up very much
6	at all. So if you look at the next sheet in
7	'17-'18-'19 we are only talking a few million
8	dollars there, that is not big, 466 to 470 to
9	480. And if you this gets a little sticky.
10	If you raise the base big time, this won't go up
11	at all, could even go down. Are you with me?
12	There are some boards if you raise the base
13	significantly the LOB will go down, okay?
14	This is Capital Outlay State Aid, it
15	was funded this year, or for next year 50,723
16	million or 23 million increase, mostly increase
17	and for the future years all it is is to keep up
18	with growth, that would be about a couple
19	million dollars a year. Everything else being
20	normal.
21	Special Ed we are about 80 percent of
22	excess costs. You can see that percentages off
23	to the side, about 80 percent, the law says 92.
24	We think this coming year will drop a little
25	bit, not much, so the question arises on

1	options. The law says 92, where do you want it
2	to be? And we gave you two or three options it
3	could be any one of those percentages. Go 92
4	with the law says, you could split it at 85,
5	maintenance of effort, leave it the same,
6	theoretically it would be maintenance of effort.
7	In '18-'19, depends where you start from, but in
8	'18-'19 to go to 92 percent from where we are
9	now it would be about 79 million, 85 percent
10	would be 40 million. But if you go '17-'18 if
11	you fund that this year 92 percent, then the
12	next year won't be very much increase at all.
13	Not much at all. Okay?
14	All day kindergarten. This is not in
15	the law. The rest of that stuff is law, in the
16	past some kind of law, this is not in the law.
17	A lot of districts five percentage, 90 some
18	percent range provide all day kindergarten, over
19	90, and if you want to implement it once 90
20	million, if you implement it over a five-year
21	period it is about 18 million a year. The other
22	side of that coin is that if you raise the base
23	up significantly that number will go up, too.
24	That number will go up. Okay.
25	Parents as teachers, and you got a

1 little option or two here. Parents as teachers, this year the legislature changed it from 2 tobacco money, CIF money, it used to be general 3 4 fund, then it went to tobacco money. This year we went to TANF, Temporary Assistance For Needy 5 6 Families. That's a federal, federally funded 7 now, State law, and we have to meet the requirements of the Feds. See what that means 8 is, if you are high income you have to pay. 9 10 That's what it boils down to. If you are 200 percent poverty or lower why then you are okay. 11 12 You can go on kind of as normal. But if you are 13 above that then you have to pay. 14 BOARD MEMBER: All or nothing or 15 prorate? 16 MR. DENNIS: If you get above that 17 level, above a certain level, you pay whenever, 18 whatever it is, yeah. Okay. We talked about 19 this and this program has been, is very cost 20 effective for if you want to add thousand 21 children it costs you 460,000, 2,000 is 920,000. 22 It will be interesting, I don't know how long, I 23 just want to mention this, how long they 24 continue to use TANF money, Temporary Assistance 25 For Needy Families, they are in good shape in

1 that area, how long they can continue to do that and how long the money lasts. I don't know, up 2 in the air. That is a legislative decision, 3 4 ours is more policy nature. 5 Teacher mentor, by the way, a study was 6 done by this one time, and I think maybe at the 7 request of the board on mentors. And the bottom line was that mentors, teachers coming out if 8 you assign a mentor, the research show that it 9 10 was eight percent fewer losses of teachers. It had a positive affect of eight percent. 11 So 12 anyway, but this is by statute, Craig, let's go 13 to the next one. Not funded. Hasn't been, would take about 3 million dollars to fund the 14 15 teacher mentor program. If you want to go half 16 of it, million and a half. 17 Professional development, every time I 18 see this, Ken, I think of Dave Kerr, Dave Kerr he used to watch this for sure, because he 19 20 thought this was a very positive program, if it 21 was done effectively. And in statute the 22 formula in statute takes about eight and a half 23 million to fund it. And there is no money 24 appropriated, and you could go a lower amount if 25 you so choose.

1 Transportation, the board on, at selected times, had wanted to lower the mileage 2 on reimbursement for transporting the children. 3 4 This came up and got pretty sensitive in some communities this year. Money got a little tight 5 6 and some boards chose not to transport students 7 under two and a half miles. And where they had They had a few of 8 been doing it in the past. 9 those. And now you can charge under two and a 10 half miles, but if you do that and there are eligible for free lunch, you can't charge them. 11 12 So bottom line is, do you want to lower the 13 mileage or is that or leave it like it is or 14 lower it. All right. 15 School lunch, the law says 6 cents. 16 And it hasn't been funded at 6 cents since 17 anybody can remember, and it costs about a 18 middle dollars to do that. We need maintenance 19 of effort, we don't have to do anything on that, 20 okay? 21 In the past this board has had 22 different individuals, and they have done a 23 whale of a job, in Ag in the classroom, we get a 24 lot of bang for the buck there, they match that 25 and over match it. They have a lot of summer

1 programs for teachers, and bottom line is we have given -- there is no money for that. 2 You want it to go back to where it used to be. 3 Next. Communities in schools. We gave, we 4 5 had \$35,000 and then for two years in a row the 6 legislature put in 250 and then dropped it. 7 And then recently, do you want to go back to what it was? Zero? Nothing? Whatever. 8 A11 9 right. 10 Environmental Ed, remember some of you board members been around for awhile, they are 11 12 kind of Ag in the classroom, did a whale of a 13 job. They provided a lot of important material 14 for selected teachers, and working environment 15 conservation, and I think they gave up and some 16 people still has an interest in that. 17 National Board Certification, if you 18 are nationally board certified you get \$1,000 19 for what, ten years? Ten years. And then you can recertify. But we didn't have any money 20 21 there you can see for a few years and the number 22 in that program is not as high as you would like 23 to have it. So it would take about \$47,500 to 24 fund it and pay the scholarships. 25 PreK pilot. This is new. Notice the

1	TANF? Well, they switched the funding on the
2	PreK pilot program, it's a program that used to
3	be over in the children's cabinet. They gave
4	that to us several years ago as five million
5	dollars and through the cuts through the year
6	and this year it took another pretty hefty cut.
7	It is 4.1 million and that's TANF money. And in
8	that program most of the kids already qualify
9	for that, and that PreK pilot goes, it's not all
10	schools, it's a combination of non profits as
11	well as schools. It would take \$900,000 to get
12	it back to where it started.
13	Technical Ed, by the way that Tech Ed
1 /	
14	program was instituted a few years ago and it's
14	program was instituted a few years ago and it's been outstanding program, I think and I think
15	been outstanding program, I think and I think
15 16	been outstanding program, I think and I think most everybody I know will tell you that. Where
15 16 17	been outstanding program, I think and I think most everybody I know will tell you that. Where a kid in high school can go over to the
15 16 17 18	been outstanding program, I think and I think most everybody I know will tell you that. Where a kid in high school can go over to the community college or technical college and there
15 16 17 18 19	been outstanding program, I think and I think most everybody I know will tell you that. Where a kid in high school can go over to the community college or technical college and there is no tuition charge while they are in high
15 16 17 18 19 20	been outstanding program, I think and I think most everybody I know will tell you that. Where a kid in high school can go over to the community college or technical college and there is no tuition charge while they are in high school. Well, in that pilot program the
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	been outstanding program, I think and I think most everybody I know will tell you that. Where a kid in high school can go over to the community college or technical college and there is no tuition charge while they are in high school. Well, in that pilot program the governor wanted to incentivize a little bit, and
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	been outstanding program, I think and I think most everybody I know will tell you that. Where a kid in high school can go over to the community college or technical college and there is no tuition charge while they are in high school. Well, in that pilot program the governor wanted to incentivize a little bit, and provided some money for some transportation.
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	been outstanding program, I think and I think most everybody I know will tell you that. Where a kid in high school can go over to the community college or technical college and there is no tuition charge while they are in high school. Well, in that pilot program the governor wanted to incentivize a little bit, and provided some money for some transportation. And the program is growing to the rate of amount

1 the same level we started out with in '12-'13 it would take a million 450,000, which would be 2 about a million dollar increase, a little less 3 than that, all right? 4 5 Discretionary grants, these were some 6 after school grants, it was speculation or 7 stipulations on all of these. Where some money goes to schools, some goes to private and its 8 primary programs have been in existence for 9 10 several years and all we do is pay a portion of You will notice up in '10-'11, the dollar 11 it. 12 amount was cut in half in '11-'12. The monev 13 got tight. So the option, if you want to go 14 back to what it was originally in '10-'11. All 15 right. 16 That's it. Let's go back to the 17 beginning. Okay. Mr. Chairman, it seems like 18 it would be appropriate now, and you can tell us 19 yes or no, to start at the beginning and we try 20 to make a decision as we go through it so we can 21 put the budget together. 22 MR. CHAIRMAN: When you say go back to 23 the beginning you are talking about going back 24 starting at Base State Aid and go over the 25 items?

1	MR. DENNIS: One by upon.
2	MR. CHAIRMAN: One by one.
3	MR. DENNIS: Yes, sir.
4	MR. CHAIRMAN: Jim Porter.
5	BOARD MEMBER: (Inaudible.)
6	BOARD MEMBER: Last year my first year
7	to go through this
8	MR. CHAIRMAN: Is your mic on.
9	BOARD MEMBER: The blue light is on. Do
10	you want me to talk louder?
11	MR. CHAIRMAN: No, but speak into it.
12	There you go.
13	BOARD MEMBER: Last year was my first
14	year to do this and so I asked the question, I
15	think I asked the question, about does anybody
16	pay attention to this? And one of my colleagues
17	on the table said this is an exercise in
18	futility, if we expect it to be implemented.
19	And so I didn't, quite frankly, didn't take it
20	real seriously. Well, this year I am taking it
21	real seriously. Because I fear that if we just
22	say it doesn't matter, or if we say, okay, we
23	know there is no money, so we aren't going to
24	get anything, then that would be used by those
25	who believe we are over funded anyway, and say,

1 even the State Board doesn't believe that there is a financial crises. I believe that we can be 2 3 used. And so I am interested in taking 4 leadership, and saying we need to know what it 5 6 will cost to educate kids. And I don't know the 7 answer to that, by the way. And whatever it is we need to ask for it. That's just my --8 that's not a motion, that's my opinion. 9 10 MR. DENNIS: Mr. Chairman, the District 11 Court opinion, that is a three judge panel, 12 mentioned three numbers, or two numbers \$4,654 13 to be precise, I round that off, and the other 14 one was 49 something. And --15 MR. CHAIRMAN: Are you talking about 16 base state? 17 MR. DENNIS: Yes. \$4,654 was one of the 18 numbers they mentioned, the other one was \$4,980 19 in the opinion. BOARD MEMBER: How will this be 20 21 presented if we don't even know what the formula 22 is going to be? 23 MR. DENNIS: It will present it on the 24 number of dollars, it would be kind of patterned 25 after the old one, and they may change it,

1 change terminology; no doubt they will, but the real peanut will be the dollars. The Court 2 will, in my opinion, I don't know what they will 3 say, but normally they don't tell you a formula, 4 they will tell you that you meet the 5 6 Constitution or you don't. And they did say in 7 the one opinion, I believe, that the old formula would meet the test, but they didn't say you 8 couldn't do another one. So it would be 9 10 dollars. BOARD MEMBER: The old formula didn't 11 12 meet equity but not the adequacy. The equity 13 MR. DENNIS: That's correct. 14 piece they said the old formula they thought met 15 the test and that's what the legislature did. 16 BOARD MEMBER: And the adequacy is a total unknown. 17 18 MR. DENNIS: That's correct. 19 BOARD MEMBER: But the District Court 20 came up with 46 or 49. 21 MR. DENNIS: \$4,650 in one case and 22 \$4,980 in another, but it depends on what you 23 do, if you just go straight, I think the \$4,650 24 is what would be, what you would go to 25 comparable.

1 MR. CHAIRMAN: Sally Cauble wants a clarification. 2 BOARD MEMBER: I don't want to get lost 3 on this, so on the \$4,654 and the \$4,980 that 4 came from a District Court when? 5 6 MR. DENNIS: December of '14. 7 BOARD MEMBER: December of '14, and can you tell me in December of '14 what the, gosh, 8 what's that word? Growth of income inflation 9 10 would be for today. MR. DENNIS: It depends where you go 11 12 back and where you start when you are okay and 13 then the consumer price comes forward. The 14 Court did use the consumer price index in some 15 of this. BOARD MEMBER: So from December of '14 16 17 to now, what would be that index added to that? 18 MR. DENNIS: The -- there is a big 19 variation during that period of time. Like this 20 year I think is like only one percent. But if 21 you go back in some of the earlier years, it's 22 considerably higher. What would you say, John, 23 four or five, about four or five would be the 24 highest. Oh, December 14 to now? Oh, December 25 to '14 to now, that wouldn't be over two and a

16

1 half to three percent, two and a half percent probably. 2 MR. CHAIRMAN: Okay, Kathy Busch. 3 BOARD MEMBER: Well, I will start the 4 ball rolling and make a proposal for this. 5 So 6 for the '17-'18 school year I am going to 7 propose \$4,650. And then for '18-'19 I am going to propose an additional 500. 8 MR. CHAIRMAN: Would you move -- is that 9 10 a motion? BOARD MEMBER: That's a motion. 11 MR. CHAIRMAN: That is a motion. 12 So 13 Kathy Busch has moved that Base State Aid for 14 the first year \$4,650, and second year increased 15 by 500 to \$5,150? BOARD MEMBER: That's correct. 16 17 MR. CHAIRMAN: Do we have a second? 18 Seconded by Janet Waugh. Okay. Discussion? 19 Deena, you are down here on this, are we ahead 20 of you or behind you or different topic? 21 BOARD MEMBER: I am different. 22 MR. CHAIRMAN: Different. Discussion. 23 Dale, what does that do in terms of additional 24 costs from where we are today? 25 MR. DENNIS: Additional costs in '17-'18

1 would be about 550. And the year following would be 347 million more. Okay, 550 plus 347 2 second more, additional the second year. 3 MR. CHAIRMAN: Okay. So, in essence, 4 5 what we are doing this, by saying this, if we 6 approve Kathy's motion, the motion on the floor, basically saying we need a tax increase to fund 7 that? 8 9 MR. DENNIS: I think there is no doubt 10 about it, there would have to be a change in the text structure to fund it. 11 12 MR. CHAIRMAN: Just to be clear, it's a 13 reality we all live with. 14 MR. DENNIS: Yes. 15 MR. CHAIRMAN: Okay. Discussion. Steve 16 Roberts. BOARD MEMBER: Yeah, I would like to get 17 18 in to one of the issues that Jim Porter raised. 19 I don't want to treat this like an exercise in 20 futility, because it's an important issue, but 21 since folks across the street are responsible 22 for the budget and we are responsible for 23 stewardship of the schools, I fail to see the 24 value of this exercise. Could you --25 MR. CHAIRMAN: The one compelling reason

1 we are doing this is because we are obliged by the legislature to do it by law. We have to 2 3 give them a recommendation. Now, we are not, we 4 are not, we obviously don't have taxation 5 responsibility, or authority; but we are 6 recommending to them. Hence, Jim's other 7 statement in years past it has been an hour or 8 so of futility, because, you know, they just do 9 what they want. But the circumstances, as 10 described to us by Mr. Porter and Mr. Dennis, is that the state is on a new level of reality 11 12 because of the new, because of the case coming 13 before the Supreme Court. 14 BOARD MEMBER: Might it be prudent that 15 we reach, in a slightly different direction, and 16 be a little more aspirational here like the big 17 pot of money should follow the student and small 18 pot be local, get in to that? It seems to me like this has been done before and I don't know 19 20 how that is --21 MR. CHAIRMAN: The law asks us to give a 22 recommended number for these categories. 23 BOARD MEMBER: Thank you, Mr. Chair. 24 MR. CHAIRMAN: That would be a 25 different. Other discussion? I asked Deena if

1	she wanted to speak and she is on a different
2	topic. Maybe not.
3	BOARD MEMBER: When making this
4	recommendation this actually goes to the
5	governor, am I correct?
6	MR. DENNIS: It goes to the budget
7	director who works for the governor.
8	BOARD MEMBER: Right. It doesn't go to
9	the legislature unless we specifically take it
10	to them?
11	MR. DENNIS: No. It goes automatically
12	to the legislature also, when we submit a copy
13	it goes to the legislature.
14	BOARD MEMBER: But the budget itself is
15	submitted to the governor and it is submitted to
16	the legislature?
17	MR. DENNIS: We submit a budget to the
18	budget director, who represents the governor,
19	and he will review that and the governor then
20	will make recommendations to the legislature;
21	but the legislative staff gets a copy of the
22	budget also. They get a copy the same time the
23	budget director does, both get a copy, but then
24	the governor makes recommendation to the
25	legislature, that's true. In the State of the

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State.

2	BOARD MEMBER: I guess having served in
3	the legislature when we went through this
4	previously, we eased things in. We didn't do
5	the whole enchilada at once. And the Court at
6	that time said that they agreed with that. What
7	that was the $$4,433$. And as I understand the
8	lawsuit itself, is based on the fact that the
9	legislature never went back to that \$4,433 and
10	filled it in in that regard, and instead kept
11	cutting instead of adding. Am I correct in that
12	understanding?
13	MR. DENNIS: Yes. I think that's
14	correct. They agreed to a three year plan,
15	\$4,433 was the third year of the plan.
16	BOARD MEMBER: Right.
17	MR. DENNIS: But since then, it's gone
18	down and we came back up a little bit. But it
19	dropped down to Craig, go back to 37
20	BOARD MEMBER: \$3,780 and then started
21	coming back up?
22	MR. DENNIS: Right. That's correct.
23	That's correct.
24	BOARD MEMBER: I guess my thought is
25	that I think realistically you have to think

1 about kids. This is about kids, but at the same time kids' parents are the ones who will, and 2 families, will be paying that income tax. 3 And will that take away from their ability to 4 operate as family, as we would hope they would, 5 6 with the income that they have? Because I would 7 suspect how much has been actually cut in taxes since that percent, that amount that we would 8 have, we would be taking in? 9 10 MR. DENNIS: I thought you might, somebody might ask that. I just checked that 11 12 out just recently. And according to the 13 legislature's tax expert, the tax structure has 14 remained the same as it was prior to '12. 15 BOARD MEMBER: Right. 16 MR. DENNIS: Last year we collected 920 17 million additional. That's calculated numbers. 18 BOARD MEMBER: So we could cover, cover 19 this amount, if they would refer back to the old 20 tax structure; however, it takes a year to 21 really collect that. 22 MR. DENNIS: Yeah, when you do the 23 income tax it takes you awhile because you have 24 withholding and several issues involved, and a 25 collection process; but within a year, plus

1 year, year plus you eventually would get the 2 money. BOARD MEMBER: So you really need to 3 look at like an 18 month component because you 4 really don't collect the taxes until at least 5 6 April. 7 MR. DENNIS: That would be probably right about 18 months before you get the income 8 9 tax in. 10 BOARD MEMBER: Except for the late filers, that would be reasonable. 11 12 BOARD MEMBER: So just from a realistic 13 point of view, we probably wouldn't match that 14 900 million until the second, the second year. 15 Would we match the 550 million? 16 MR. DENNIS: What he said was that's 17 what it would have been had it been in effect 18 that whole year, so, oh, yeah, you would get the 550. I am not an expert but I know that much. 19 20 BOARD MEMBER: By April. Okay. 21 MR. CHAIRMAN: Janet Waugh. 22 BOARD MEMBER: Thank you, Mr. Chair. 23 That previous issued every year, the one before, 24 okay, 8-9 where we were at \$4,400, what were 25 they increasing at that time?

1 MR. DENNIS: That's a good point. The old court case was a little different. 2 It centered a lot on adequacy and equality for at 3 4 risk and Special Ed. At risk and Special Ed was 5 the big grabbers. The base was going up about 6 \$5,800 a year, take a dollar or two, \$5,800 a 7 year; but the big increase was Special Ed and at 8 risk. Those two issues the court's been pretty clear about. 9 10 BOARD MEMBER: (Inaudible.) MR. DENNIS: Yes. Yes. 11 They increased 12 it over a period of time, Mr. Porter, it went up 13 to like the waiting now on that risk '14-'15 was 14 .456, I believe and Special Ed was funded about 15 82 percent at that time. 16 BOARD MEMBER: (Inaudible.) 17 MR. DENNIS: I believe that would be 18 correct. It's frozen. 19 BOARD MEMBER: So I guess the point I am 20 trying to make, I guess had we increased it by 21 50 a year it would be another \$400, right? So 22 4,800, approximately? 58 would be more than 23 400, wouldn't it, eight years, 900? 24 MR. DENNIS: Nine years you are looking 25 at '17-'18, so nine years, and you have roughly

1	\$60, \$58, \$59, so 60 bucks \$540. So less than
2	that.
3	BOARD MEMBER: So it would be 49. So 46
4	is what we are recommending; is that correct?
5	MR. DENNIS: 4,650.
6	BOARD MEMBER: So it was 4,650 so
7	really it is under what they maintained from
8	what we were doing at that point. I guess
9	that's the point I am trying to make.
10	MR. CHAIRMAN: Well, 2018 the motion
11	indicates \$500 increase in the second year of
12	2018, which would take it to \$5,150.
13	BOARD MEMBER: That would still be
14	approximately what they were getting.
15	MR. CHAIRMAN: Approximately catch them
16	up.
17	BOARD MEMBER: I guess
18	MR. CHAIRMAN: Two years.
19	BOARD MEMBER: I know this is a
20	sizable amount of money, but I also believe it
21	can be done if they reinstate that one tax that
22	they cut. But I also believe, more importantly,
23	that anything that this board of anyone in this
24	state needs to support is funding our schools.
25	And as much as they have been cut as much as

1 this happened, I think it's just, we need to make a strong statement. And I believe, I am 2 not a lawyer, but apparently the lower court has 3 4 said this is constitutional, so if they are 5 lawyers they know a lot more than me, but anyway 6 I would agree this is the way to go. Thank you. 7 MR. CHAIRMAN: Ken Willard. BOARD MEMBER: Dale, since the base is 8 9 only a piece of a large piece of what the 10 funding is for the schools, and the overall total now is 13 something per thousand per 11 12 student; is that correct? 13 MR. DENNIS: Yes, sir. 14 BOARD MEMBER: If we are going to 15 increase the base by 900 million dollars over 16 the next two years, what is the practical implication of that on a per student basis? 17 18 What is the real budget number cost, the costs , 19 the cost number? Because the waiting are going 20 to say really soon. 21 MR. DENNIS: It is in the vicinity of 22 \$2,000 per student. All right? There's about 23 460,000 kids, so that would be close \$15,000 a 24 student. 25 BOARD MEMBER: \$15,000 per student.

1 MR. DENNIS: And if you count everything that would be true. 2 BOARD MEMBER: What does that mean? 3 What are we 4 billion now? So where does that 4 take us? 5 6 MR. DENNIS: That would take you up 7 close to five. BOARD MEMBER: Five billion dollars. 8 9 MR. DENNIS: That would be close. 10 BOARD MEMBER: What percentage of that is the state budget? 11 12 MR. DENNIS: Right now the state's 13 general fund revenue is about 6., what two, two or three billion? 6.2 or 3 billion dollars. 14 So 15 that means if you did that it would be, what, 80 16 percent of the total. If you raise the taxes up 17 to fund it, then that would take it up to about, 18 about 7.2 or 3 billion. And then make it about, 19 what, 70 million, 70 percent, about 70 percent. 20 BOARD MEMBER: 70 percent of the state 21 budget. Okay. Well, I ask those questions just 22 to process through the thing. I think it's an 23 error to just assume, or overly optimistic to 24 assume, that if the business taxes were 25 reinstated, that we would get it all. It's

1	certainly not, because everybody else is wanting
2	it, too. So we are only going to get a portion
3	of that. So I am I am just thinking that
4	this proposal is probably way more than we can
5	expect.
6	MR. CHAIRMAN: Jim Porter.
7	BOARD MEMBER: I am asking you to
8	speculate.
9	MR. DENNIS: What?
10	BOARD MEMBER: I am asking you to
11	speculate. If we adopt this motion, and if it
12	were approved, that would have an affect, what
13	affect that would have on LOB, which would have
14	an affect of the per student cost?
15	MR. DENNIS: If we did that I would say
16	the LOB would probably drop 10 or 20 percent.
17	It will go down. Boards of Education, if this
18	happened, Boards of Education right now is very
19	sensitive to the property taxes. More so than
20	any other tax, as a general rule. So I think it
21	would probably drop 20 percent.
22	BOARD MEMBER: So if we go to \$900,000
23	in two years, the possibility that some of that
24	would be used as opposed to additional income it
25	would be tax relief.

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1 MR. DENNIS: Yes. BOARD MEMBER: Individual property tax. 2 MR. DENNIS: Property tax, that would be 3 4 true. MR. CHAIRMAN: Further discussion. 5 6 Deena Horst. 7 BOARD MEMBER: If we would go this entire route, some of our vision is also 8 includes all day kindergarten, et cetera. 9 So 10 this is based, I assume, on first grade, well, half K day, half day kindergarten through 12th 11 12 grade? 13 MR. DENNIS: Correct. BOARD MEMBER: So if we would ask for 14 15 all day, how would that affect? 16 MR. DENNIS: All day, costs you about 90 17 million and you can do one of two things. You 18 can add the 90 to this or you could subtract the 19 90 from this and count it separately. In other 20 words, if you dropped it off to, by coincidence, 21 go back to \$4,492 and add the all day 22 kindergarten in it comes back in pretty close, 23 the 15, 18, 20 million of 550. But all day 24 kindergarten is not there. 25 BOARD MEMBER: Okay.

1	MR. DENNIS: It's separate.
2	BOARD MEMBER: And there is also PreK.
3	Also is, is that another component?
4	MR. DENNIS: That's a 4 year-old at risk
5	program that's a separate issue. And the reason
6	is, now, if we ever got any money the State
7	Board can set that limit, if we had the money
8	you can set that limit. The reason you haven't
9	seen that limit set for a long time is because
10	there hasn't been any money. But they, we take
11	care of about 7,000 kids there, and the number's
12	probably larger than that, but it wouldn't be a
13	whole lot larger.
14	BOARD MEMBER: Okay.
15	MR. CHAIRMAN: Open for discussion?
16	Kathy Busch.
17	BOARD MEMBER: The \$4,650 number I feel
18	pretty strongly about. The second number, I am
19	certainly amenable to request for an amendment
20	change, as far as my motion is concerned. I do
21	think there are other things in the budget that
22	need some money and maybe this additional money
23	could just be included in all of those other
24	things. Like Dale mentioned the all day K.
25	There is also mentor teachers and professional

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1 development that hasn't been funded in quite some time, which are very valuable pieces, if 2 you look at the data that the group showed this 3 morning and all of our teachers that are within 4 their first nine years, they probably need some 5 6 mentoring more than what we have been providing 7 in professional development. So I certainly would be, if we want to change that second 8 number. 9 10 MR. DENNIS: One theory, Mr. Chairman, to think about would be if you go the \$4,650 and 11 12 you believe that's correct, you could then just 13 do a consumer price index the second year, which 14 would be about \$100. Closer to it. It would be 15 about what, ten percent? 16 MR. CHAIRMAN: Randy. 17 BOARD MEMBER: Kathy, another way you 18 could look at that is, there is some kind of 19 larger dollar amount mentoring professionals are 20 important, but you take it out of the block and 21 flexibility of taking that out versus going back 22 and stipulating where it needs to be spent. 23 BOARD MEMBER: Special Ed is important 24 that comes out. 25 BOARD MEMBER: When you reduce the

1	Special Ed, the proration of Special Ed, those
2	students have a legal federal legal right to
3	that service. It comes out of the general.
4	BOARD MEMBER: It comes out of the
5	general fund anyway. I think there are a number
6	of things that could fit in to that, there are a
7	lot of things that could fit in to that.
8	MR. DENNIS: I might just clarify, the
9	only thing left in block grant is KPERS,
10	everything else has been taken out.
11	MR. CHAIRMAN: Deena.
12	BOARD MEMBER: Speaking of KPERS, the
13	block grant does not include KPERS. That amount
14	that's on here?
15	MR. DENNIS: It does, but it's treated
16	completely separate. For example, this year we
17	didn't make quarter payments, April 15th
18	payment. So the bottom line is, that all goes
19	away April, to June 30th of next year, block
20	grant is gone.
21	BOARD MEMBER: Unless they carry it
22	forward?
23	MR. DENNIS: Do something different.
24	BOARD MEMBER: Is it possible for us to
25	include in the amount that we are talking about,

1 the things that we feel are important? Like all day kindergarten? 2 MR. DENNIS: If you want to say, for 3 discussion, say \$4,650 is where you want to be 4 then whatever those dollars of those other 5 6 things you want to fund, you can go back and 7 reduce it down. Because they are separate formulated. 8 9 BOARD MEMBER: (Inaudible.) 10 MR. DENNIS: If you we go through and you want to say \$4,650 and if you approve all 11 12 day kindergarten subtract that out, approve 13 something and you can subtract it out. 14 BOARD MEMBER: Okay. All right. 15 BOARD MEMBER: But the formula still 16 holds their place in the law. 17 BOARD MEMBER: And our recommendations 18 here are not based on -- we are not basing it on 19 a formula, or anything, we are making this as 20 our determination of the dollar amount that 21 should be the end result of any formula. 22 MR. DENNIS: It's mostly patterned after the law that was in effect. 23 24 BOARD MEMBER: Sure. 25 MR. DENNIS: Because we see went back to

1 the old laws and the Capital Outlay, and here there will be some changes made I think more so 2 than that. But the concept is going to be 3 You will take care of at risk and 4 there. bilingual and base amount per pupil and 5 6 transportation, that will all be taken care of. 7 But if you want to say, like I said, 50 is the number and you want to go back and approve some 8 smaller numbers and reduce it, and put us back 9 10 in to what the base is. BOARD MEMBER: But the motion before us 11 12 is Base State Aid we would be recommending here 13 and we would have to make that as a motion later 14 on? 15 MR. DENNIS: Yes. 16 MR. CHAIRMAN: And what we have here is 17 pretty aspirational, you know, we have had a lot 18 of discussions about tax increases and formulas what percentage of budget is, which is all 19 20 really big questions, but in terms of where the 21 State Board is in terms of taking a leadership 22 role, do they agree that there should be an 23 accrual is what we are saying in this motion and 24 putting a number on it. Is that what you are 25 saying? Further discussion or we'll call for

the vote.

2	Before us we have a motion and has been
3	seconded, and just to be clear that we are
4	recommending the '18 year, not next year but the
5	following year, that the Base State Aid for
6	schools be increased to \$4,650 per student and
7	that in 2018 it would be increased by \$500 to
8	\$5,150. Is that the motion? Okay. All those
9	in favor please signify by raising your right
10	hand. Those opposed? 7-3 with Steve Roberts,
11	John Bacon and Ken Willard in opposition. Okay.
12	The next item is the well, the LOB.
13	You know, so it's capital outlay. Now Special
14	Ed; is that correct?
15	MR. DENNIS: Well, the LOB, unless you
16	tell us differently, we assumed you would fund
17	the law, that's what we just got out of court
18	on.
19	MR. CHAIRMAN: Do we need to vote on?
20	MR. DENNIS: I don't, small amount, if
21	you agree that's a small amount.
22	MR. CHAIRMAN: I will go just a little
23	further. Do we need to affirm the status that
24	just came out of the legislature? And the Court
25	has approved, do we need to put our approval

1 stamp on that as well to move forward on this and not leave any doubt? 2 3 MR. DENNIS: I don't think it makes any 4 difference. As long as you guys, kind of in agreement to fund the law. We still don't want 5 6 to go back to Supreme Court again. 7 BOARD MEMBER: (Inaudible.) MR. DENNIS: Not necessarily. 8 9 MR. CHAIRMAN: Mr. Dennis is 10 recommending we move forward. The next one is 11 Special Ed. MR. DENNIS: The next one I think is 12 13 capital outlay, and I assume you want to fund 14 the law. We just got out of court on that one. 15 That's a small. 16 MR. CHAIRMAN: Fund the issue, do we 17 need to vote on that? 18 MR. DENNIS: Not necessarily. Unless 19 somebody objects. 20 MR. CHAIRMAN: We concur with the 21 legislature. 22 MR. DENNIS: The next one, the answer is 23 yes. 24 MR. CHAIRMAN: Okay, but the question 25 is --

1	MR. DENNIS: That's correct.
2	MR. CHAIRMAN: So if we go to 92 that
3	would be to fulfill the law, we have never done
4	it. We have done it at 90 over the years,
5	haven't we?
6	MR. DENNIS: Well, we have recommended
7	92, what the law says, but it hasn't been funded
8	at recent history at 92. You have to go back
9	seven or eight years, about 2010-'11 is the last
10	time. So.
11	MR. CHAIRMAN: So recommendation on
12	special education. Oh, Kathy Busch, I am sorry,
13	looking at the wrong end of the table.
14	BOARD MEMBER: I would recommend we take
15	it out of the money we already allocated. You
16	said we could do that, Dale?
17	MR. DENNIS: Yes. We could go back and
18	whatever that is subtract it down. Sure.
19	MR. CHAIRMAN: Second by Deena Horst,
20	that we go to 85 percent, and that 85 percent,
21	number, whatever it might be, would then be
22	subtracted on the '17 and '18 school years from
23	the recommended motion of Base State Aid; is
24	that correct, Kathy and Deena? Okay.
25	Discussion? Ken Willard.

1 BOARD MEMBER: Dale, am I correct that the federal government has never funded their 2 agreed portion as well? 3 MR. DENNIS: You are correct they are 4 5 about halfway there. 6 BOARD MEMBER: All right. Well, my 7 position on this is to do the maintenance of effort until the federal government picks up 8 9 their's. 10 BOARD MEMBER: Can we just continue maintenance of effort until the federal 11 12 government picks up it's committed 13 responsibility. It never has done so and that 14 just comes out of state, out of our funds in 15 order to do whatever we are doing. 16 MR. CHAIRMAN: Randy. 17 BOARD MEMBER: On this one I want to 18 just remind everyone how Special Ed law works 19 with regular ed kids. So whether it's the 20 federal government, or the state government, it 21 doesn't provide the money it costs to take. You 22 are still under the law to provide that special 23 education need. So when the federal government 24 and the state government does either or a 25 combination, doesn't provide the excess funds,

1 you make up those excess funds out of your local budget. They have a federal right to that 2 education. So I just want you, I want everyone 3 to understand it. It comes out of the 4 education for all children to go on those kids 5 6 because of the excess, not having the excess 7 costs. Sally Cauble. 8 MR. CHAIRMAN: 9 BOARD MEMBER: When you said 10 maintenance of effort for Special Ed, did you mean that it would be part of what we already 11 12 decided or is it maintenance of effort plus? BOARD MEMBER: Maintenance of effort 13 14 right there on the chart, that would be same as 15 things that occur here. Things that occur here. 16 MR. CHAIRMAN: Steve Roberts. 17 BOARD MEMBER: My question is how many 18 kids are served? Do we have roughly ten percent of our kids? I am struck how the 85 is almost 19 20 identical to the number of kids served per 21 \$1,000 a kid. MR. DENNIS: The kids, if you can't gift 22 23 it, which our law does in State law, it would be 24 about 15 percent, pretty close. You are pretty 25 close. There's about a couple percent gifted.

1	The others you run 12 or 13.
2	BOARD MEMBER: Thank you.
3	MR. CHAIRMAN: We have a motion on the
4	floor to fund special education at 85 percent.
5	Hearing no other discussion I would ask for a
6	vote.
7	BOARD MEMBER: (Inaudible.)
8	MR. CHAIRMAN: Thank you for clarifying
9	that. It would be subtracted from the Base
10	State Aid, that we originally had approved.
11	Okay? All those in favor please signify by
12	raising your right hand. Oppose same sign. As
13	to 6-4 with Ken Willard, John Bacon, Sally
14	Cauble and Steve Roberts voting no. Okay.
15	The next item that we have to deal with
16	is all day K. We have some choices before us in
17	terms of implementation as well as numbers.
18	MR. DENNIS: All at once 90 million,
19	over a five-year period is about 18 million per
20	year.
21	MR. CHAIRMAN: One thing, we want
22	students ready for kindergarten and that implies
23	they are also ready for first grade. And
24	actually we have more control over kindergarten
25	than pre school, so our recommendation is also

1	many districts are already providing it one way
2	or another, either funded by the district funds
3	or by some level of participation by the
4	parents. It doesn't always necessarily always
5	include all students. Deena Horst. I am sorry.
6	Yes, Deena.
7	BOARD MEMBER: I would move that we
8	implement all at once for 90 is it \$90,000?
9	MR. DENNIS: 90 million.
10	BOARD MEMBER: Million, couldn't find
11	the other comma. Anyway, 90 million for, and
12	take it out of our original amount.
13	MR. CHAIRMAN: Keeping track of that,
14	Dale, there's two parts of that, three parts
15	actually, to fund, Deena, you recommended or
16	made a motion to fund at the 90, to meet
17	implementation which would be 90 million, and to
18	reduce the Base State Aid recommendation to
19	include that in that number, which would then
20	subtract that over the next year.
21	MR. DENNIS: Just so you know, we
22	raised the base so this amount will go up a
23	little bit, still subtract off the base.
24	MR. CHAIRMAN: How much money does that
25	leave in Base State Aid? When we get done with

1 this we'll be losing money. MR. DENNIS: We will subtract about 120 2 million. 3 BOARD MEMBER: Well, you are still --4 MR. CHAIRMAN: I am just telling you 5 6 here, the intent of the Base State Aid is to 7 give them some authority to move forward without restriction, and this takes away that authority, 8 9 it is nibbling. 10 MR. DENNIS: 550 and we are down to 420, 11 give or take a little. 12 MR. CHAIRMAN: Kathy Busch. Excuse me, 13 I am sorry, Ken Willard had his name on there 14 first. 15 BOARD MEMBER: I am just a little bit 16 confused by the numbers. We are down to what on 17 the base now? 18 MR. DENNIS: We take a 120 million 19 dollars off of that, Ken, so roughly, so that 20 would drop it down to probably, 44, let's see, 21 we have, it is in the 4470, 80 range. 22 BOARD MEMBER: 4492 is 4440. MR. DENNIS: Take off another 120. 23 So a 24 little over, we are about down to --25 BOARD MEMBER: 460.

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1	MR. DENNIS: Yeah.
2	MR. CHAIRMAN: I guess before I move on
3	to Kathy Busch, I am looking for a second on
4	that.
5	BOARD MEMBER: I will make one for
6	Kathy.
7	BOARD MEMBER: I would second if it was
8	implemented over a two year period, since the
9	funding, we added more funding in the second
10	year.
11	BOARD MEMBER: I can accept that.
12	MR. CHAIRMAN: So it would be at 90
13	BOARD MEMBER: 45,000.
14	MR. CHAIRMAN: 90 million.
15	MR. DENNIS: It would be 45 million over
16	two years and the other one was what 90 million.
17	All right. 45 each year.
18	MR. CHAIRMAN: I also
19	BOARD MEMBER: (Inaudible.)
20	MR. CHAIRMAN: I would remind the board,
21	just a little thought here, as I said when I
22	previewed that, most districts are doing it in
23	one way or another. And you it might help them
24	out in terms of, in giving them money, but they
25	have processes to do this already.

1 So I am back to, we have a motion and then we had a second, but it amended the motion 2 to include a two year implementation. And it 3 was accepted by Deena on the floor. Okay. 4 Further discussion? 5 6 BOARD MEMBER: (Inaudible.) 7 MR. DENNIS: We are voting on kindergarten and a motion was made to implement 8 9 it, a mini motion to change that over a two year 10 period? BOARD MEMBER: (Inaudible.) 11 12 MR. DENNIS: Oh, the money? 13 BOARD MEMBER: (Inaudible.) 14 MR. DENNIS: We were at 150 and we 15 subtracted, we have to subtract 31 plus from 16 that, plus what was the other? 45. So 76. You 17 are down to about 474 million, give or take a 18 little; is that right? 474. Yeah. 45, that's 19 about right. 4570 probably. BOARD MEMBER: I don't want that Base 20 21 State Aid to get too low. 22 MR. DENNIS: It's heading south. BOARD MEMBER: What? 23 24 MR. DENNIS: It's heading south. 25 BOARD MEMBER: The Base State Aid we

1	want to keep as high as we can.
2	MR. CHAIRMAN: I agree with you. Yes.
3	Jim Porter.
4	BOARD MEMBER: Since schools are doing
5	this any way, don't they have more flexibility
6	if we leave it in the base of kindergarten, if
7	they are doing it anyway?
8	MR. CHAIRMAN: They would make the
9	decision then if they wanted to keep what they
10	were doing or to fund it at a different rate and
11	it would be a local decision.
12	MR. DENNIS: The one difference, Jim,
13	that would make the one difference it would
14	make is those that are charging, isn't no longer
15	charged. That would stop the charging.
16	BOARD MEMBER: How prevalent is that?
17	MR. DENNIS: Not very. Small
18	percentage. Small percentage.
19	MR. CHAIRMAN: A slight charge.
20	BOARD MEMBER: If I if I talked to
21	the majority of them charge something.
22	MR. DENNIS: There is always fees like
23	this for everybody, as far as tuition the number
24	would be pretty small, most do not.
25	BOARD MEMBER: (Inaudible.)

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1 MR. CHAIRMAN: Well, I am going to try to say back the motion, so we know what the 2 motion is, and Peggy is ducking, okay. 3 What we have is full implementation of all day K over 4 two years, and the number to be subtracted from 5 6 what's left of the Base State Aid; is that 7 correct on my motion to second? Okay. All those in favor signify by raising 8 the right hand. 9 Excuse me. 10 BOARD MEMBER: (Inaudible.) BOARD MEMBER: What is the practical 11 12 affect of this on a school that's already 13 funding them? 14 MR. CHAIRMAN: Two things that I heard 15 spoken was, if we do this they can no longer 16 charge tuition, okay? And if we do this, it 17 basically says you are going to do this and fund 18 it and take it out of your Base State Aid. 19 MR. DENNIS: And the other piece for 20 those who are not charging and doing it now that 21 gives them resources to do something else with 22 it. 23 BOARD MEMBER: So what they are 24 currently spending on kindergarten could be 25 spent on something else?

1 MR. CHAIRMAN: Okay. Yes, Deena, you originated the motion, now we'll call --2 3 BOARD MEMBER: Well, I just want to clarify that I thought I heard you say that they 4 would have to have all day kindergarten. 5 6 MR. CHAIRMAN: That's what we said in 7 That was your motion. the motion. BOARD MEMBER: Only that it be funded. 8 9 MR. CHAIRMAN: Well, if you are going 10 to fund it, that's what I said in the beginning. BOARD MEMBER: But if they choose not 11 12 to. 13 MR. CHAIRMAN: I am not sure that was 14 what I, that's why I said it for clarification. 15 You are the originator of the motion. 16 BOARD MEMBER: That we can, I guess we 17 could say that they have to have all day 18 kindergarten. 19 MR. CHAIRMAN: The motion was all day 20 kindergarten and implemented over the next two 21 years. 22 MR. DENNIS: This might help, the law 23 already says they have to provide all day 24 kindergarten. Students don't have to attend, 25 but you have to provide it.

1 MR. CHAIRMAN: We are saying we'll fund I want to make sure that the motion that 2 it. we are going to vote on is the motion that you 3 had intended to be on the floor. You are the 4 5 originator. 6 BOARD MEMBER: Yes. The way you have 7 stated it basically is yes. MR. CHAIRMAN: Okay. Ken Willard. 8 9 BOARD MEMBER: I didn't know when they 10 were still up there, but I would just like to state my reservation about this. Because it's 11 12 always been my belief that the best thing to do 13 for schools is put money in the base, and let 14 them use it rather than telling them how to 15 spend the money. And that's what we are doing 16 here is tell them they have to spend this money 17 here on all day kindergarten. That's my 18 reservation on the motion. 19 MR. CHAIRMAN: All right. All those in 20 favor of the motion please signify by raising 21 your right hand. I have two. Those opposed, same sign. 2 to 8 and the two that are in favor 22 23 were Deena Horst and Kathy Busch. I am going 24 that way on this one. Okay. We are still back 25 with kindergarten.

1	BOARD MEMBER: I would make a motion on
2	kindergarten.
3	MR. CHAIRMAN: Thank you. Janet Waugh.
4	BOARD MEMBER: Okay, I will make a
5	motion on kindergarten, I do feel it is
6	important and I recognize some of the districts
7	have a real challenge with it. I will make a
8	motion that we fund it, '18 for five years.
9	MR. CHAIRMAN: Okay. You are talking
10	about on the sheet here, well, fund it five
11	years.
12	BOARD MEMBER: Yes (Inaudible.)
13	MR. CHAIRMAN: And then
14	BOARD MEMBER: (Inaudible.)
15	MR. CHAIRMAN: No.
16	BOARD MEMBER: My problem is I have a
17	lot of schools that are all day kindergarten,
18	but they charge for that second day. And you
19	are adding money to the base, but they also need
20	to put it towards other teachers, R1 and 2A
21	schools we are not helping them by giving them
22	money and telling them how to use it. All we
23	have to '18 (inaudible).
24	BOARD MEMBER: I don't think that's very
25	realistic either.

BOARD MEMBER: Okay.
BOARD MEMBER: (Inaudible.)
MR. CHAIRMAN: Just as a point of fact,
we increased the Base State Aid, considerable in
our original motion. I will just say, to my
point of view, if they want all day kindergarten
it is in there. If they don't want all day
kindergarten, it's not there. Okay? It's their
choice, as Ken said, to use their money as they
see. If they want to continue to do it, and,
Sally, you referenced and the school tuition for
an extra day, and that that's their business.
Or they could decide themselves they want to put
it in all day K.
BOARD MEMBER: Why is this motion okay
for that, but the last motion wasn't?
BOARD MEMBER: I don't have a motion.
MR. CHAIRMAN: I don't have a motion.
Do you want to make a motion?
BOARD MEMBER: (Inaudible.)
MR. CHAIRMAN: Dale, throwing a life
line, okay? Help us here. What we would like
to do is continue with the status, or I am not
saying all want to, but what I am talking about
is continuing with the status quo not taking out

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1 a Base State Aid, but if schools wanted to as Base State Aid to implement all day 2 kindergarten --3 BOARD MEMBER: In that case we do 4 5 nothing. 6 MR. CHAIRMAN: In that case do nothing 7 and move on to the next motion? BOARD MEMBER: Before we move on I need 8 9 one clarification. 10 MR. CHAIRMAN: Okay, Mr. Porter. BOARD MEMBER: Dale, schools are 11 12 required to have all day kindergarten? 13 MR. DENNIS: They have to provide it, 14 kids don't have to attend, but they don't have 15 to provide it. 16 BOARD MEMBER: So places that have half 17 day kindergarten, how do they do it? MR. DENNIS: What? 18 19 BOARD MEMBER: Places that have half 20 day kindergarten, how do they do it? 21 MR. DENNIS: It's cost at risk dollars 22 mostly funded. BOARD MEMBER: For the half? 23 24 MR. DENNIS: Yeah, we have schools only have half day kindergarten, that's funded. 25 But

it is in the program it's funded. If you go 1 beyond that then you have a choice of fees, you 2 can pay out of that. Whatever you choose to do. 3 But fees --4 BOARD MEMBER: I am a small school, and 5 6 I have 15 kindergartners, can I have a morning 7 program only? MR. DENNIS: Sure. Yes, sir. 8 You can. 9 BOARD MEMBER: Okay. 10 MR. DENNIS: Not very many of them do it, you can have small like, a lot of districts 11 12 would choose to have all day, because it is 13 cheaper than transporting them there and back. 14 BOARD MEMBER: About 30 years ago I did 15 that. 16 MR. DENNIS: Rest my case. 17 MR. CHAIRMAN: Janet Waugh. 18 BOARD MEMBER: Thank you, Mr. Chair. 19 Isn't it true they are not mandated to attend 20 kindergarten, correct? 21 MR. DENNIS: They are not mandated to 22 attend kindergarten. Yes. You have to attend 23 when you are in 7th grade. The school, this 24 amendment made by the distinguished senator, you 25 have to provide it. If a kid wants to attend.

1 Everybody gets half day, half day. BOARD MEMBER: Half day, if you offer 2 all day (Inaudible.) 3 BOARD MEMBER: So if it were determined 4 we need to mandate all day kindergarten, is that 5 6 done by us or legislature? 7 MR. DENNIS: If I was going in to that route because of what that is I would leave that 8 9 up to legislature. 10 BOARD MEMBER: Thank you. MR. DENNIS: You see, they have to fund 11 12 it. 13 BOARD MEMBER: Thank you. 14 MR. CHAIRMAN: So at this point not 15 having a motion we'll just move on to the next 16 item, which is parents as teachers. Anybody 17 want to? And, Dale, this is not eligible to 18 come out of Base State Aid? 19 MR. DENNIS: Yes. 20 MR. CHAIRMAN: It is eligible? 21 MR. DENNIS: If the student wanted to 22 subsidize out of the general fund --23 MR. CHAIRMAN: I am talking about right 24 now today, we couldn't do it ourselves? 25 MR. DENNIS: No. No.

MR. CHAIRMAN: As a home district they 1 could utilize Base State Aid to, in fact, help 2 pay for parents and teachers. 3 4 MR. DENNIS: The law requires, as a 5 matter of fact, the law requires them to max 65 6 cents for every dollar we get. 7 MR. CHAIRMAN: And we have districts 8 that are presently decreasing services, or eliminating services, because they couldn't 9 10 match. MR. DENNIS: The match as an issue is 11 12 one, and that's a proviso and provision in the 13 law, proviso; and the other piece of this is 14 this is funded now by TANF, Temporary Assistance 15 For Needy Families. 16 MR. CHAIRMAN: Jim Porter. 17 BOARD MEMBER: If we were to increase 18 our contribution, would that still only affect kids that were eligible for TANF, or would that 19 20 allow other students or other children -- and I 21 have a very selfish reason to ask that question 22 and I will tell you what it is. My daughter got 23 a call this week, our grandson who is going to 24 be born next month, cannot participate because 25 they make too much money. Well, my daughter, my

1 4 year-old granddaughter really benefited. Now, they are in a position where they could pay. 2 But if it's 200 percent there are a lot of 3 people at 203 percent or 204 percent or 300 4 percent they can't pay. So my question is, if 5 6 we contribute more, will that allow students 7 that are not now eligible to participate in the 8 program? MR. DENNIS: I believe if the board had 9 10 the resources to pay that on behalf of their patrons I believe that would be the answer is, 11 12 yes, they could do that. They could do that. 13 BOARD MEMBER: So out of the base state 14 increase that we provided if they chose to use 15 that money, that would be their decision? 16 MR. DENNIS: It's their decision. The other piece, and I will mention this, I don't 17 18 know how long this will go on, Randy, you may know and comment on this. We are funding this 19 20 with TANF this year and I was told TANF is good 21 for awhile, but not forever. MR. CHAIRMAN: I will say the benefits 22 23 of parents as teachers program is huge and in a 24 variety of ways. Obviously it helps the student 25 but it also is targeting the parents. And if

1 this program was, in fact, to disappear I think one of our goals and our vision is seriously 2 jeopardized. Jim Porter. 3 4 BOARD MEMBER: Thank you. I just want 5 to follow up on what Jim said. This helps us, 6 this helps us significantly achieve our goal for 7 kindergarten readiness. And not to provide this service, I don't know the answer, I don't know 8 how to balance all of this. But this parents as 9 10 teacher is a critical element in our ability to reach our goal. And I don't know -- I don't 11 12 know what the answer is. But that's a serious, 13 the fact that all students are not eligible is a serious concern to me. 14 15 MR. DENNIS: You could also approve 16 whatever you decide to approve, and request it 17 from state funds, not federal funds. You could do that, too, if you like. That way you would 18 19 have a lot more control. And the state funds 20 are until this year, coming year. 21 MR. CHAIRMAN: Okay. Carolyn Campbell. 22 BOARD MEMBER: Thank you. So we could, 23 I am really supportive of the parents as 24 teachers, so right now for this past year it was 25 7,200, if we -- I would like to move that we

1	approve, increase it by the additional cost to
2	46,000. It would not come from the Base State
3	Aid, is that correct? Did you say that?
4	MR. DENNIS: If you don't put it in
5	motion it won't. You add 46,000 to it.
6	BOARD MEMBER: That would increase it by
7	1,000 students?
8	BOARD MEMBER: Yes. That's my motion.
9	BOARD MEMBER: That would be for the two
10	years; is that right?
11	MR. DENNIS: Yes. If you go in it it
12	would automatically be the second year.
13	MR. CHAIRMAN: We would increase the
14	number of participants of parents as teachers
15	program by 1,000 two years, or 1,000 each year?
16	MR. DENNIS: I assume you are talking
17	1,000 each year is what you said.
18	BOARD MEMBER: Yes. 1,000 each year.
19	MR. CHAIRMAN: That's the motion on the
20	floor. Do I have a second? A second by Jim
21	Porter. Steve Roberts.
22	BOARD MEMBER: Thank you, Mr. Chair.
23	Can we target these to the areas that are in
24	notation today, how hard it is to retain
25	teachers, and so forth, in southwest Kansas, and

1 KCK and low SSES areas, in Wichita. Is there any way we can target that? The folks that hire 2 me to tutor in Johnson County, by and large, 3 4 they are more than happy with this program but they are happy to pay for it because they can. 5 6 MR. DENNIS: I believe if the -- if it 7 was state money, I think the board could ask some guidelines and restrictions and what you 8 approve. Because it's got to come to you for 9 10 approval. Schools comply but it comes to you for approval. You could provide guidelines and 11 12 which ones priority. 13 MR. CHAIRMAN: In the past, we have had 14 that in the consent agenda, that has been there 15 before. 16 MR. DENNIS: That's right. 17 MR. CHAIRMAN: So your answer, Steve, is 18 yes, we can, and we don't need to support a 19 motion. Other conversation? I will call a question? And just to make sure everybody is on 20 21 the same page, Carolyn's motion was to fund it 22 at an increase of 1,000 students each year for 23 the next two years, which would be \$460,000 and 24 state money that we would be funding, federal, 25 so we would have control over it, is that

1 correct? All those in favor of the motion please 2 signify by raising your right hand. 3 Those opposed, same sign. Two in opposition, Ken 4 Willard and John Bacon. 5 6 Mentor teacher program. We have here 7 fund the law hundred percent that would be a 3 million dollar increase. 8 9 MR. DENNIS: What that law says, Mr. 10 Chairman, the \$1,000 for the mentor teacher, 11 three years. 12 MR. CHAIRMAN: Up to three years. Or to 13 fund the law at 50 percent, right now it's not 14 being funded at all, is at one and a half 15 million. 16 MR. DENNIS: One of the primary reason 17 for this was to try to retain teachers. 18 MR. CHAIRMAN: Deena Horst. 19 BOARD MEMBER: And the intent of the way 20 this is written is for a -- the money to go to a 21 district? 22 MR. DENNIS: It goes to district mentor. BOARD MEMBER: Okay. But the mentor is, 23 24 could be local, locally. 25 MR. DENNIS: Usually it's a teacher in

1 that building, the senior teachers if they believe --2 BOARD MEMBER: I just want to make sure 3 4 it's not a state generated program. MR. DENNIS: The mentor teacher has to 5 6 have a certain amount of training, and they 7 mentor this teacher and try to help them be successful. 8 9 BOARD MEMBER: And it's locally 10 administered? MR. DENNIS: Yes. We distribute the 11 12 money and collect the information. 13 BOARD MEMBER: The intent of the way 14 this is written is for a -- the money to go to a 15 district? 16 MR. DENNIS: It goes to district to 17 mentor. 18 BOARD MEMBER: But the mentor could be 19 local, locally? 20 MR. DENNIS: Usually a teacher in that 21 building, a senior teacher that they believe --22 BOARD MEMBER: I just want to make sure 23 it's not a state generated program. 24 MR. DENNIS: The mentor teacher has to 25 have a certain amount of training and then they

1 mentor this teacher, and try to help them be 2 successful. BOARD MEMBER: And it's locally 3 4 administered? MR. DENNIS: Yes. We distribute the 5 6 money and collect the information and it's 7 administered locally. BOARD MEMBER: Okay. 8 Thank you. MR. CHAIRMAN: From our presentation 9 10 this morning it sounds like a program we could There are districts probably 11 certainly use. 12 doing this voluntarily, for their teachers 13 retention, but overall in this state I think 14 this program as pretty much vanished. Mr. 15 Porter. 16 BOARD MEMBER: There are also districts where teachers are volunteering to do this. 17 And 18 doing it for nothing. Or probably putting money 19 with it. 20 MR. CHAIRMAN: Okay. All those in favor 21 as presented to fund the mentor teacher program 22 at hundred percent over the next few years, 23 which would be an additional 3 million dollars, 24 we don't have a motion. How did I miss that? 25 Okay. Move by Carolyn Campbell. Seconded by

1	Jim Porter, I knew that was happening.
2	All those in favor of the motion please
3	signify by raising your right hand. Those
4	oppose same sign. 7-3. Steve Roberts, John
5	Bacon and Ken Willard in opposition.
6	The next one is professional
7	development. If we were to fund the law hundred
8	percent it would be \$8,500,000, 75 through 75
9	and at 50 for 25 50. Right now it's not being
10	funded at all. Carolyn Campbell, I am sorry.
11	BOARD MEMBER: Thank you, sir. Did I
12	give you that crazy look? Okay. This is
13	something that I really believe in, and it has,
14	the legislature has not funded it for how many
15	years? But what if we started out at 25
16	percent? I see Mr. Dennis went down to 50
17	percent, but to try to get some professional
18	development money.
19	MR. DENNIS: We could do it.
20	MR. CHAIRMAN: We could certainly do it.
21	BOARD MEMBER: Do you want me to make a
22	motion.
23	BOARD MEMBER: (Inaudible.)
24	MR. CHAIRMAN: First year 21 or second
25	year or do you want to keep it? Just asking.

1	BOARD MEMBER: I just asked for the
2	first year, maybe, you know, they will do it,
3	maybe, anyway, I was just thinking for the first
4	year.
5	MR. CHAIRMAN: It's a two year budget.
6	BOARD MEMBER: Two years.
7	MR. CHAIRMAN: 25 percent for two years
8	is the motion on the floor.
9	BOARD MEMBER: I will second that
10	motion.
11	MR. CHAIRMAN: Second by Sally.
12	BOARD MEMBER: We have so much change
13	that we are asking on this new vision that I
14	we just need some money. Now, that's all.
15	MR. CHAIRMAN: Okay. Open for
16	discussion. Jim Porter.
17	BOARD MEMBER: How is this distributed?
18	I know it hasn't for awhile, but how would be it
19	distributed?
20	MR. DENNIS: It would be distributed
21	with a cap on half of one percent of the general
22	fund and actual expenditures, whichever is
23	lower. But we are not going to get, as a
24	general rule you won't get full amount. I mean,
25	it's half of one percent take eight and a half

1 million so most districts are actual 2 expenditures. A lot of districts are putting their own money in it. 3 BOARD MEMBER: Is 25 percent going to 4 make a difference? I mean, it's nice to get a 5 6 little increase, but when you spread it over a 7 district, it's per pupil basis most likely or is that how it would be distributed. 8 9 MR. DENNIS: We could do the formula for 10 each district and send them the amount over the year and tied to their expenditures and we audit 11 12 it and be sure it was spent for professional 13 development. MR. CHAIRMAN: So it is an incentive 14 15 for districts to do it, but they could decide to 16 take State Aid? 17 MR. DENNIS: They could take more out of 18 their general fund. 19 MR. CHAIRMAN: Okay. Any other 20 discussion. Deena Horst. 21 BOARD MEMBER: So currently districts 22 are funding it out of their general fund? 23 MR. DENNIS: Whatever they are doing 24 they are doing it out of general fund or Title 25 II.

1	BOARD MEMBER: So they would probably
2	continue to do that if
3	MR. DENNIS: Most probably would.
4	BOARD MEMBER: I am saying if they would
5	receive an increase in, in the base funding
6	that
7	MR. DENNIS: The answer to that would be
8	yes.
9	BOARD MEMBER: That we approved earlier?
10	MR. DENNIS: That would be yes. Most
11	districts would tell you that staff development
12	is the secret to their success.
13	BOARD MEMBER: Okay. Thank you.
14	MR. CHAIRMAN: I would say from an
15	aspirational standpoint, we are doing about
16	these in terms of how to manage the budget, you
17	know; but if we really believe in staff
18	development, and in quality staff development, I
19	just don't think 2.1 million dollars across an
20	286 school district is going to be that much
21	money, but they have a choice to make it out of
22	state base, but there are a lot of things to be
23	caught up on if they did that.
24	MR. DENNIS: Some very small districts
25	not very many dollars could do it, it's not that

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1 much; but the larger ones they will go after 2 anything right now. MR. CHAIRMAN: We have a motion on the 3 floor to set it at 25 percent for professional 4 development for the two years which would be 5 about 2.1 million dollars. All those in favor 6 7 please signify by rising your right hand. One, two, three, four, five. We have five. 8 Opposed? We have five fives so we -- we didn't pass. 9 Did 10 you get the names? Steve. Okay. So we still have to deal with this, if we ignore it we can 11 12 move on. We don't have to make a decision, but 13 if want to go to a hire rate, we can do that. 14 Janet Waugh. 15 BOARD MEMBER: I would make a motion we 16 fund 50 percent. 17 MR. CHAIRMAN: Motion would be 50 18 percent which would be 4.25 million dollars next 19 year for the next two years. Do we have a Okay. 20 second? Second by Jim Porter. **All** 21 right. Any discussion? Hearing none we'll call 22 to question. All those in favor of funding at 23 50 percent please signify by raising your right 24 One, two, three, four, six. Okay. hand. Those 25 opposed? One, two, three, four. Those opposed

1 Steve Roberts, Deena Bacon (SIC), and Ken Okay. 2 Willard. Motion passes 6-4. Transportation. Do we want to change 3 4 transportation? MR. DENNIS: The law is two and a half 5 6 miles or more, residents in the district. The 7 board has brought it up different times, sometimes they haven't. Do you want to leave it 8 9 like it is or change it? 10 MR. CHAIRMAN: Or leave it the same. 2.5 is what it is presently? 11 MR. DENNIS: That's correct. 12 MR. CHAIRMAN: If we decreased the 13 14 mileage limit from 2.5 to 2.0 additional costs 15 and 2.9 or 2.5 million. What is it if it stays 16 the same? 17 MR. DENNIS: Stays the same whatever the 18 formula calls for, so in essence zero. 19 MR. CHAIRMAN: If we don't make a motion 20 do we just move on? 21 MR. DENNIS: That's right. 22 MR. CHAIRMAN: Okay. Otherwise do you 23 want to increase and in so doing increase the 24 participation. On the other hand, there are 25 districts who have chosen, for various reasons,

1 Goddard being one, to bus all students. And they assume that cost already within their State 2 Aid, general fund. There are schools that use 3 4 hazardous bussing and other rules and options. Yes, Janet. 5 6 BOARD MEMBER: I would simply like to 7 say that Turner, that's my home district, we always bussed all students because not one 8 elementary school would ride the bus in Turner. 9 10 MR. CHAIRMAN: So they are doing that and that is built in to their budget. 11 12 BOARD MEMBER: Built in to their budget 13 and while I would love to lower it, I think 14 that's a great thing to do, but I think 15 increasing the base state budget, in my opinion. Districts like Turner, and other districts, they 16 17 can do what they are doing and challenge that it 18 needs to be changed, but I don't think at this 19 time it is a thing to do. 20 MR. CHAIRMAN: Discussion? Do I have a 21 motion? Hearing none we'll move on. School 22 lunch. 23 MR. DENNIS: School lunch, Mr. Chairman, 24 the law says 6 for lunch, maintenance of effort 25 there is enough being appropriated now,

1 2,510,000 now, I think it is, or \$29 and we funded about 4.4. That's it. There is no 2 federal requirement in order -- most of this 3 program is funded through federal government, to 4 be honest. 5 6 MR. CHAIRMAN: Is there any need for 7 action on our part? MR. DENNIS: Not unless you want to 8 9 raise it that 1.6 cents. 10 MR. CHAIRMAN: How would that benefit the school districts? 11 12 MR. DENNIS: This would help the price of lunches for kids. 13 14 MR. CHAIRMAN: It would go down 6 cents? 15 MR. DENNIS: No. 16 MR. CHAIRMAN: Excuse me, 1.6 cents. Do 17 I hear a motion? Hearing none, we'll move 18 forward to Ag in classroom. 19 In your presentation, Dale, you said 20 that we, school districts have moved on and 21 don't look for this money today. They are doing 22 stuff, they are doing it. But, Janet, weren't 23 you on the --24 MR. DENNIS: This goes to organization 25 not the schools. It's the organization to

1 provide services to schools. This is not 2 statutorily. It is just the board thought they ought to be done and fees to be funded. 3 MR. CHAIRMAN: 4 And they used that 5 money, the organization did, to leverage grants 6 and other money? 7 MR. DENNIS: They had to have it matched by at least dollar for dollar, but they 8 overmatched, they would hit up all the farm 9 10 organizations. MR. CHAIRMAN: So they are not looking 11 12 for --13 MR. DENNIS: They gave up. 14 MR. CHAIRMAN: They gave up. 15 MR. DENNIS: That's truthful. 16 BOARD MEMBER: I think the least thing 17 we can do is ask for it, I really do. These 18 organizations are unbelievable. I served on KC 19 in Ag in the classroom and KC had half and they 20 continuously, continually worked for to get 21 donations and stuff, and it was very difficult. 22 And they kind of got half the staff working 23 full-time, but they desperately needed it. And 24 what they do for our schools is phenomenal. Ag 25 in the classroom and KC is kind of working

1 together now. So I would like to make a motion that we ask for 35 for ag, 35 for communities 2 and 35 for KC. Because I do think they are all 3 good organizations. It's 35,000, I am not 4 talking about 35 million. 5 6 MR. CHAIRMAN: So 35 million on 7 agricultural in the classroom. BOARD MEMBER: I don't care, I will go 8 9 for all three at one time. 10 BOARD MEMBER: (Inaudible.) MR. CHAIRMAN: Excuse me. I am not sure 11 12 what the motion is right now. 13 BOARD MEMBER: Do you want me just to do 14 aq? 15 MR. CHAIRMAN: No. No. I want you to 16 make a motion that you want to make. 17 BOARD MEMBER: (Inaudible.) 18 MR. CHAIRMAN: I think John understood. 19 BOARD MEMBER: What did you second? For 20 ag in the classrooms for communities in schools 21 and 35 each. Each. Not the communities of 250, 22 because, quite frankly, they had a pretty good 23 friend in the legislature those years and John 24 and I did not have good friends in the 25 legislature those years.

1 MR. CHAIRMAN: So what we'll have a motion here in a second and recommend 35,000 an 2 additional cost to, to the three programs 3 community in schools, Kansas Association & 4 Conservation and Environmental Education and 5 6 obviously agricultural classrooms. And we have 7 a motion from Janet and a second by John. Discussion? All those --8 9 BOARD MEMBER: (Inaudible.) 10 MR. CHAIRMAN: Just trying to move it 11 along. 12 BOARD MEMBER: Okay. My question is on 13 community in schools, is the legislature giving 14 them money to them? 15 MR. DENNIS: Not through us, there is a 16 trust fund. They get a little money from, not 17 through us. It dried up a few years ago. No 18 money is coming in not community in schools, 19 they have a little in the trust fund that's it 20 but that's earmarked. 21 BOARD MEMBER: I really again believe in 22 community in schools and that's the reason I was 23 questioning it because I was wanting to see if 24 we couldn't give them more than 35,000. That 25 was my initial thought.

1 MR. CHAIRMAN: We have a motion on the floor to fund of three programs that we just 2 discussed at \$35,000 each. Okay. All those in 3 favor please signify by raising your right hand. 4 Those oppose same sign. Motion passes 10-0. 5 6 What do you know? Okay. 7 National Board Certified. I think I 8 said this every year since I have been here, the National Board Certify is one of the programs if 9 10 you have it in your school and you have a teacher that has been successful and became a 11 National Board Certified teacher or even 12 13 teachers that have gone through partial parts of 14 the program, you have a different voice in your 15 school. It has a tremendous impact on 16 education, on the teachers and the conversations 17 that teachers have. And I think it's one of 18 the -- a program that makes a serious difference 19 in our schools. I would like to make a motion 20 that, quite frankly, we fund, that if we fund 21 the law it would be \$375,000? 22 MR. DENNIS: Yes, sir. 23 MR. CHAIRMAN: For the next three years? 24 MR. DENNIS: Yes, sir. 25 MR. CHAIRMAN: That's what the original

1 purpose was. Now there is, the funding how it's 2 used is to, one, help teachers in terms of going 3 to --MR. DENNIS: Scholarship, and the other 4 is \$1,000 that goes to the board, in which the 5 6 board has to reimburse the teachers the \$1,000. 7 MR. CHAIRMAN: Yes. So it is going to teachers to improve teaching in the classroom. 8 9 MR. DENNIS: Correct. 10 MR. CHAIRMAN: Deena. Well, do I have a second to the motion that I made? 11 BOARD MEMBER: Yes. 12 13 MR. CHAIRMAN: Seconded by Carolyn 14 Campbell. 15 BOARD MEMBER: I just have a question 16 about if you are funding it at '16-'17 level 17 why, what's the additional cost for projection 18 of additional participants? 19 MR. DENNIS: If you go the 475, and do 20 the additional teachers participating in the 21 program, you have money to pay scholarships, and 22 you may have money to pay the scholarships for 23 ten years. 24 BOARD MEMBER: So you are actually 25 projecting that there would be additional

1	teachers per student
2	MR. DENNIS: That's correct.
3	BOARD MEMBER: projecting additional
4	participation?
5	MR. DENNIS: Correct.
6	BOARD MEMBER: Okay.
7	MR. CHAIRMAN: Randy.
8	BOARD MEMBER: There are many things
9	that the people around this table know the
10	impact of the quality of teachers. I will tell
11	you there are two that are I think without
12	dispute, will do that. And that's a vast
13	placement of training when you spend five days
14	and immerse yourself over years and years and
15	National Board Certification. As Jim said, you
16	will impact the quality of kids, impact the
17	quality of students, and we are woefully low in
18	this state for the number of teachers that are
19	nationally board certified relative to the
20	states around us. And I don't know, whether
21	it's the money or not, I am saying this should
22	be a priority to really raise teacher voice and
23	teachers across the state. It's really a
24	terrific program of keeping teachers in the
25	classroom, raising the professionalism and

1	impacting kids in a direct path.
2	MR. CHAIRMAN: We have a motion on the
3	floor. Further discussion. Kimberly, I am
4	sorry. Sorry, Kim.
5	BOARD MEMBER: My question was, do we
6	have reason to believe, or do we know, that
7	there are teachers in the pipeline that are not
8	able to participate because of lack of funding
9	now?
10	MR. DENNIS: Well, where we have
11	shorted them is the \$1,000 for ten years, we
12	haven't been paying it. That's a big deal. And
13	the other part is we have been able to place
14	some scholarships, because if you don't complete
15	it you have to give the money back to them. So
16	you have to kind of squeeze by there on
17	scholarships; but the \$1,000 on scholarships we
18	find of fell down, and the board has to eat it.
19	MR. CHAIRMAN: Okay. Further
20	discussion? Okay. Call for a vote. All those
21	who are in favor of fully funding the law, which
22	would be \$375,000 in '17-'18 and \$375,000 in
23	'18-'19 please signify by raising your right
24	hand. One, two, three, four, five, six,
25	seven okay. And those opposed? We have 8-2.

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1 Motion passes. Steve Roberts and John Bacon in opposition. The next one is the PreK pilot. 2 MR. DENNIS: This goes half to private 3 4 and half to public. This year it took a hit when they switched it to TANF, and they cut back 5 6 on CIF money. Tobacco money. They cut that and 7 TANF made it up. It's been running, it was five million, but you see the decline, by this year 8 it is going to be 4 million, or last year 4 9 10 million 799 and it's down to 4.1. MR. CHAIRMAN: So the options we have 11 before us are to fund the 2009 or which would 12 13 be, is that 200,000? 14 MR. DENNIS: No. 15 MR. CHAIRMAN: No. 16 MR. DENNIS: No. No. It would be 900,000. 900,000. 4.1 if you go back to five 17 18 million, 900,000, if there is anything in 19 between, Mr. Chairman, you might choose it if 20 you want to. You are not locked in to it. 21 BOARD MEMBER: Is there a printout? 22 MR. DENNIS: You are looking at the old 23 printout. This changed the other day. 24 BOARD MEMBER: (Inaudible.) MR. DENNIS: No, not previously. 25 This

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1 was tobacco money, it came to children's cabinet a few years ago, they gave it to us. 2 We operated it for several years, and then when 3 this year they took -- they was hurting for cash 4 and they took the tobacco money for other things 5 6 and replaced it with TANF money at 4.1 million. 7 BOARD MEMBER: (Inaudible.) MR. DENNIS: You could switch it over to 8 CIF or general funding, it could go back to the 9 10 tobacco fund. That's where it came from. BOARD MEMBER: (Inaudible.) 11 12 MR. CHAIRMAN: I am thinking of our 13 vision. And the PreK pilot program. I don't 14 know a whole lot about it. Somebody tell me 15 about it. 16 MR. DENNIS: It's low income, poverty 17 children. And it goes to nonprofit 18 organizations or school districts to serve PreK. 19 These are PreK pilot kids. Most of them, 2, 3, 20 4 year-olds, most of them are 2 and 3 years old. 21 MR. CHAIRMAN: And they are low income, 22 okay. And they are in Kansas City and Wichita 23 and Dodge City and public and private efforts 24 can be utilized. 25 MR. DENNIS: Yes. It's operated by

1 different not-for-profit organization. Schools got some, schools got some, the other, the issue 2 here though is this is helping prepare for 3 kindergarten, is what they are trying to do, but 4 they switched it over to TANF, and I don't think 5 6 they will have any problem. These are all low 7 income. MR. CHAIRMAN: Janet Waugh. 8 BOARD MEMBER: Thank you, Mr. Chair. 9 10 Does KCC get part of this, is that correct? MR. DENNIS: I don't know who all gets 11 12 it, but they would sure be entitled, if they 13 applied. What we have done is, in essence, is 14 operated this program, that was given to us in 15 the children's cabinet, and there has been very 16 little change in the program. If you take away 17 from them and give it to somebody else you kill 18 the program here, it's a continuation we got from them. 19 20 BOARD MEMBER: I know we have wonderful 21 PreK programs. 22 MR. DENNIS: It's part of it --23 BOARD MEMBER: Quite frankly, they are 24 having to turn kids away. So I say this is part of our vision that we help, so I would make a 25

1 motion that we fund it at 2,000. 2 MR. CHAIRMAN: Fund the PreK pilot program at the 2009-'10 or '11 level for the 3 4 next two years. BOARD MEMBER: Correct. 5 6 MR. DENNIS: Mr. Chairman, can I ask a 7 question? MR. CHAIRMAN: Please. 8 9 MR. DENNIS: Do you want this to be 10 tobacco funds or leave it under TANF? BOARD MEMBER: I think that would be the 11 12 decision of the legislature. 13 MR. DENNIS: That's true, but you could 14 ask either way. You can say you want tobacco 15 money or you can say you want federal money. 16 BOARD MEMBER: Whatever you like, do you 17 want tobacco? I quit smoking many years ago. 18 MR. DENNIS: I got it. 19 MR. CHAIRMAN: The motion by Janet is 20 to fund the PreK pilot at five million dollars 21 next year over the next two years and money 22 comes out of the tobacco fund. Is that correct, 23 Janet? 24 BOARD MEMBER: Yes. 25 MR. CHAIRMAN: Seconded by Steve

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1 Roberts. Ken Willard. BOARD MEMBER: Mr. Chairman, I will vote 2 for this, but I will just say that, I have had 3 experience with it because I had a daughter who 4 was working in it in the Wichita area, and this 5 6 was a few years ago. But she, and several other 7 people, complained bitterly to me about how poorly it was managed and how ineffective it 8 was. And I was just trying to run interference 9 10 and get somebody to listen to their complaints. And it was just, you know, I may not vote for 11 12 I am just not so sure -- I am not so sure it. 13 it accomplishes what we want. Because it is, we 14 don't have any control over it, and it's 15 mismanaged it by whoever manages the thing, it's 16 money down the tubes. 17 So if I were a legislature deciding to 18 spend the money, I would have serious 19 reservations on spending the money. 20 MR. CHAIRMAN: So the accountability of 21 money going to various entities, public and private, that there would be accountability? 22 BOARD MEMBER: Yes. 23 24 MR. CHAIRMAN: Higher levels of 25 accountability.

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1 MR. DENNIS: We would have some control over accountability. 2 MR. CHAIR: Under the present situation 3 4 if we fund it. Where we didn't before, we didn't have this program at that time? 5 6 MR. DENNIS: Depends what year it was. 7 Since we have received it we would have some accountability control, after we received the 8 children's cabinet, I don't know what that was, 9 10 I don't know the exact date, but we have had it 11 for a few years. 12 MR. CHAIRMAN: I think it's since I have 13 been on the board. MR. DENNIS: But we would have some 14 15 control over accountability. 16 MR. CHAIRMAN: Thank you. Janet Waugh. 17 BOARD MEMBER: Thank you, Mr. Chair. Ι 18 just want to say I hate that about your 19 experience, because I have had the exact 20 opposite experience with KCK, you were with me 21 when we visited KCK, Early Childhood, I have 22 been in Turner Early Childhood, and I have had 23 nothing but very positive. I was very pleased 24 with what was happening. So I am sorry about 25 that.

1 BOARD MEMBER: I am not discrediting the whole thing, I was saying that's our experience 2 and probably had to do with who was managing it, 3 but it was a real mess. 4 MR. CHAIRMAN: Jim Porter. 5 6 BOARD MEMBER: I was just going to ask 7 if we are funding it, why don't we have control? MR. DENNIS: We have control over 8 accountability. Yes, that's the recommendation 9 10 at that point. Yes, sir. MR. CHAIRMAN: Any further discussion? 11 12 Hearing none, we'll call the question, call for 13 the vote. All those in favor of the motion to 14 fund, I just want to make sure -- Peggy, can 15 you --BOARD MEMBER: Fund the 2009-'10 level 16 17 at five million for additional costs of 900,000 18 for the next two years and utilize tobacco 19 money. 20 MR. CHAIRMAN: Thank you very much. **All** 21 those in favor please signify by raising your 22 right hand. No, same sign. Two. Okay. John Bacon and Ken Willard. Thank you. 23 24 The next item is Technical Education/ 25 Transportation.

1 MR. DENNIS: Mr. Chairman, this is not a This was a part of the Governor's tech 2 statute. Ed program and we talked about that, but where a 3 4 kid in high school can go attend community college and get dual credit at no cost, and it's 5 6 worked quite well. But the dollar amount of 7 transporting those students has remained the same, and because of its success we are down to 8 about 45 percent proration from what we would 9 10 have had in the original year. MR. CHAIRMAN: Ken Willard. 11 12 BOARD MEMBER: Since this is often high 13 school kids who don't have access to a car or 14 not old enough to drive, and since this was 15 probably the most successful thing that has, the 16 bill that's come out of the legislature in the last several years I would like to move that we 17 18 support it at the original amount. 19 MR. CHAIRMAN: Do we have a second? 20 Deena Horst seconds. Okay. So that original 21 amount would be 650,000 and -- go back. 22 MR. DENNIS: I think what Mr. Willard is 23 talking about is the original level, which is a 24 million 450. That gets it back to where it was 25 when we started. Original level, am I correct?

1 BOARD MEMBER: (Inaudible.) 2 MR. CHAIRMAN: Yes, these are the 3 latest figures on the screen. The worksheets that we received are slightly different. 4 BOARD MEMBER: They are a lot different. 5 6 MR. CHAIR: Okay. They are a lot 7 different. BOARD MEMBER: Is there funding or not? 8 9 MR. DENNIS: Yes, 650,000. 10 BOARD MEMBER: So the additional cost is not -- (Inaudible.) 11 MR. DENNIS: The additional cost is the 12 13 amount, about 800,000, it should be 800,000 14 addition. 15 MR. CHAIR: Good point. Ken, your 16 motion was to fund --17 BOARD MEMBER: The 800,000 original 18 level, the original level. 19 MR. CHAIRMAN: At the original level. 20 MR. DENNIS: Which would be \$800,000. 21 MR. CHAIR: 800,000. 22 MR. DENNIS: Above what it is now. MR. CHAIR: What it is now. And Deena's 23 24 I want to make sure we are clear on the okay. 25 motion. Okay? Discussion? Hearing none, we'll

1	vote. All those in favor of the motion please
2	signify by raising your right hand. Those
3	opposed, same sign. 9-1 with John Bacon in
4	opposition. Okay.
5	Discretionary Grants. Can you describe
6	this or explain this.
7	MR. DENNIS: This is two after school
8	programs, one middle school, and one elementary.
9	And it's very small program. Some of it goes to
10	private and some of it goes to public schools.
11	The amount was cut in half at '11-'12 and
12	remained at that amount. Notice, Tim, I have
13	375 and 250, now it's half that amount and
14	remained that amount. And each year the board
15	will approve X number of dollars, but it is
16	reduced in half of what it was originally. But
17	it's after school programs for elementary and
18	middle. It's a very small program. It just
19	kind of scratches the surface of the needs in
20	that area.
21	MR. CHAIR: If we take no action the
22	result is?
23	MR. DENNIS: Stays where it is.
24	MR. CHAIR: Stays where it is. If we
25	take action we increase it. Janet Waugh.

1 BOARD MEMBER: I guess I am not that familiar with this. Do schools apply for this, 2 Dale? Or how or what? 3 MR. DENNIS: It's kind of like a couple 4 5 of other, these are programs that the 6 legislature wanted, and then they got cut in 7 half and they are small. And it's geared to, some of it has to go to private and some public 8 institutions, and but it's a very small program 9 10 and it's after school program. And it just kind of touches, imagine spending for middle school 11 12 it is 125,000 statewide, it's pretty thin. 13 Pretty thin. Very few schools are involved 14 because there is no money involved. But it's 15 been there quite some time. 16 MR. CHAIR: Hearing no motion, we'll 17 move on. Okay. Is anyone keeping tab on the 18 credit card? 19 MR. DENNIS: Mr. Chairman, could key run 20 through quite quick, I will do it in a hurry. 21 You have it all memorized. All right. On the 22 base we went to \$4,650. On --23 MR. CHAIR: \$5,150 in the second year. 24 MR. DENNIS: Right. 4,650 and what the 25 second year?

1 MR. CHAIR: 500 increase. MR. DENNIS: Yes. I think that's right. 2 That's correct. And the LOB it's really to fund 3 4 the law, a couple million. Capital outlay, fund Special Ed, I believe we agreed on 85 5 the law. 6 percent. 7 MR. CHAIR: Correct. MR. DENNIS: And subtract one million or 8 so from the \$650 on the base, that will pull 9 10 that down to about 520. Which will amount to 20 bucks on the student. And on all day 11 12 kindergarten we ended up with no changes. Tax 13 base increase on parents as teachers we added 14 1,000 students and funded that program from the 15 state CIF tobacco money, where it has been in 16 the past. Mentoring program my note says we went, we fund the law. On professional 17 18 development, we ended up, I believe, 50 percent 19 of the law. And on transportation we have made 20 no change in the law. On school lunch, we made 21 no change there. On ag in a classroom 22 environmental ed and community in school, \$35,000 each. And on National Board 23 24 Certification, we funded that 375,000, which is 25 a \$47,500 increase. On the PreK pilot, we

1 funded it back in to the original law, which costs 900,000, and that's all tobacco money. 2 And PreK pilot we added -- yeah, PreK. 3 Transportation, we added about \$800,000 to fund 4 that, to fund it back at the original, what the 5 6 law provided or original provision provided. 7 And discretionary grants we did no change. MR. CHAIR: Long conversations but good 8 Thank you to the board for 9 conversations. 10 staying on this. And thank you. MR. DENNIS: Thank you. If you get 11 12 excited for it and you want to read a 325 to 330 13 page document, we'll be glad to provide it; but 14 you will be the only one who will read it. 15 Besides us. 16 MR. CHAIR: I would anticipate that 17 we'll get a sheet from you outlining what we 18 have recommended today? 19 MR. DENNIS: Yeah. 20 BOARD MEMBER: (Inaudible.) 21 MR. CHAIR: Thank you. 22 MR. DENNIS: Thank you for all of your 23 time and patience. This took a lot of patience. 24 MR. CHAIR: Thank you. 25

1	CERTIFICATE
2	
3	STATE OF KANSAS)
4) ss: SEDGWICK COUNTY)
5	
6	I, Rachelle Smith, a Certified
7	Shorthand Reporter within and for the State of
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11	aforementioned time and place.
12	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have
13	hereunto set my hand and official Kansas
14	registration information at Wichita, Kansas,
15	this July 13, 2017.
16	
17	Certified Court Reporter registered with the
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19	30th, 2018.
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Exhibit D

Angela Deines, State Board of Education May Make Statement Regarding Gannon Briefs, TOPEKA CAPITAL-JOURNAL, July 11, 2017







Posted July 11, 2017 03:30 pm - Updated July 11, 2017 05:17 pm By Angela Deines (/angela-deines) angela.deines@cjonline.com

State board of education may make statement regarding Gannon briefs

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Jim McNiece, left, and Kathy Busch, right, members of the Kansas State Board of Education, talk with state education commissioner Randy Watson, center, during a break on Tuesday during the state board's July meeting in Topeka. (Angela Deines/The Capital-Journal)

Members of the Kansas State Board of Education are expected to decide on Wednesday whether they want to make a formal statement regarding the state's briefs in the Gannon school finance lawsuit set for arguments on July 18 in front of the Kansas Supreme Court.



Kansas Education Commissioner Randy Watson told board members during their July meeting on Tuesday he took exception to the state's arguments in the case that the state board of education's budget recommendation of \$893 million for the next two years wasn't based on the Rose standards. He said the recommendation, based on "Kansans Can" vision for educating the state's students, was based on the Rose capacities that he said are "foundational" and "mission critical."

The standards relate to educational achievement in the areas of oral and written communication skills, understanding of economic, social and political systems, the arts and training and preparation for vocational or college education.

"As this brief half-hour of BOE discussion demonstrates, the BOE request was not calculated at all—much less reasonably calculated—to meet the Rose standards," according to the state's brief written by Stephen McAllister.

SEE ALSO

Kansas education board members make global statement regarding Gannon brief (http://cjonline.com/news/state-government/education/2017-07-12/kansas-education-board-members-make-global-statement)

State education board hears progress on postsecondary success of Kansas students (http://cjonline.com/news/state-government/education/2017-07-12/state-education-board-hears-progress-postsecondary)

Board chairman Jim Porter said he plans to allow the 10-member board to discuss on Wednesday whether they want to address the state's assertions that their budget recommendation wasn't based on the Rose standards.

"I just believe it's our responsibility to have a discussion," he said. "We may make a statement, we may not."

The state's briefs, filed on July 7 by McAllister, also quoted then-state board chairman Jim McNiece as saying the budget recommendation made in July of last year as "pretty aspirational."

McNiece said his comments in July of last year regarding the "aspirational" aspects of the board's budget recommendation were based on the fiscal realities the state of Kansas has been facing in the past several years.

"It was a way for us to make a statement in support of increased and improved funding for schools," he said, adding that the budget recommendation was on par with past years' requests. Porter said he knows there is a sentiment held by some people who believe the board's \$893 million request was too lofty and unrealistic.

"I get the feeling that there are some that believe that we have gone too far," he said. "We have not. Each Kansas student deserves the best and whatever it takes, we cannot afford to fail one student. That costs each one of us. That's an economic issue if we have students that fail."

Porter said he stands by the board's funding recommendation for the next two years even though the legislature's appropriation for the fiscal year 2018 and 2019 was just \$292.5 million.

McNiece said the board knew their recommendation was going to be used by either the state or the plaintiffs for their own purposes, "good, bad or otherwise." He said he wished more attention was paid to the board's "deliberate decisions" that were made in recommending funding for specific line items like all-day kindergarten and bus transportation, not just per pupil base state aid.

"It was based on our vision and our outcomes directly," he said. "It was all based on the Rose standards."

State board of education members had recommended that base state aid be increased to \$4,604 in FY 2018 from the current \$3,852 and to \$5,090 in FY 2019. Instead, state lawmakers in June approved increasing the base to \$4,006 for FY 2018 that began July 1.

The funding formula state lawmakers adopted in June does away with the previous two years' block grants and returns to a funding formula based on enrollment and student weightings.

"I'm pleased with what the legislature did," McNiece said. "I wish it was more towards our number but I understand that the formula is good. Dollars can always be more but we are certainly moving in a positive direction."

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